

FOOD DONATION

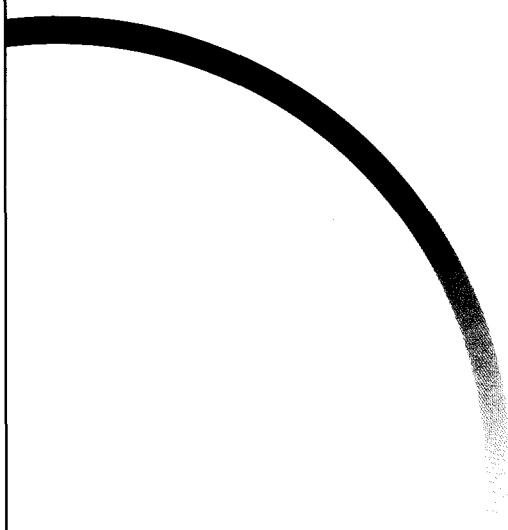
A Restaurateur's Guide



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Written by Ann Walsh Featsent
Produced by the National Restaurant Association
Technical Services, Public Health and Safety Department:
Steven F. Grover, R.E.H.S., Director; Judith Dausch, Ph.D., R.D.,
L.N., Nutritionist; Kimberly Austin, R.S., Manager
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The United States is often described as the land of plenty. But all too often we hear about and see images of chronic hunger in our country. The problem of hunger is significant, but our resources and ability to solve the problem are significant as well.

One of the best ways to solve the hunger problem is through vigorous participation in food-recovery and donation programs. In this guidebook, you will learn how to efficiently donate your restaurant's excess food to a local food donation program. Your donation will go on to feed people in your community who would otherwise go hungry.

I know restaurateurs are busy, and many may say donating food is too difficult, too risky or won't really make a difference. I am here to tell you that it is not difficult or time-consuming. It is not too risky, especially since the Good Samaritan Food Donation Act was passed to encourage food donation without the fear of liability. Most important, it does make a difference.

The restaurant industry feeds millions of people every day in our nation's restaurants. We are also on the front lines feeding people in need. But we have to do more. We are the nation's *kitchens*. We are the nation's *cooks*. We are the ones who can make this the land of plenty for everyone.

Herman Cain



CEO and President
National Restaurant Association

I. FOOD DONATION

Of the many methods employed to fight the problem of hunger in America, food recovery may be one of the best because it makes use of wholesome food that would otherwise be discarded. A June 1997 study by the U.S. Department of Agriculture (USDA) estimates that more than one-quarter of all food produced in the nation is wasted. The study, conducted by the USDA Economic Research Service, is the first of its kind in 20 years to examine and quantify food loss. The study found that, in 1995, about 96 billion pounds of food—or 27 percent of the 356 billion pounds of food available for human consumption in the United States—were lost at retail, consumer and foodservice levels.

Fortunately, there are several ways to salvage edible food that is destined for landfills. The four most common forms of food recovery are

- gleaning remaining food from farm fields after crops have been harvested
- gathering perishable produce from retail, wholesale and other providers
- collecting processed, packaged foods with long shelf lives from many sources
- rescuing prepared foods from restaurants and other members of the hospitality industry.

Restaurateurs who examine the food discarded in their own kitchens may find that they can employ all but the first of these methods to rescue food from their operations. With little effort, they can make a huge difference in the lives of children, the elderly, the homeless and even the working poor in their communities by doing something that is already second nature to most restaurant professionals—*feeding people*.

II. RECOVERING FOOD IN RESTAURANTS

Restaurants are good sources of leftover fresh, packaged and prepared foods that can be donated to hunger programs. The guidelines presented in this manual will help operators judge what foods are appropriate to donate and how to prepare them for donation.

In general, donors should examine the overall condition of the items under consideration and discard anything that is possibly unsafe to eat. It is up to the recipient program to decide whether or not to accept food that has passed its code date, but the restaurant should provide some assurance that the items are still wholesome. Expired dry goods and sometimes expired frozen items that have never been thawed can be safe, but meats, dairy products and other refrigerated products that have passed their expiration dates may not be fully safe to donate, even though some programs may accept them under certain conditions.

Rescuing fresh produce

Restaurateurs should begin their search for donation items by looking at the food they have in storage, such as fresh produce that will spoil before it can be used. While no one would want to eat anything that is moldy, there are many occasions when perfectly edible fruits and vegetables are thrown out because they have passed the point of restaurant quality or freshness or are discovered to have bruises or to be soft so that the produce cannot be served to customers.

There are also times when certain menu items may not sell as well, such as salads during an unexpected spell of cool weather. This may leave the restaurateur with three cases of

unused lettuce in the cooler, a new shipment coming in the door and no space left to store it. In the past, kitchen staff would likely throw such items away, but awareness of food recovery enables this produce to be donated to those who need it most.

When donating produce, restaurateurs should

- keep refrigerated items cold (41 degrees Fahrenheit or below) at all times
- examine the items for any signs of decay, spoilage, mold or odors
- store food products separately to prevent cross contamination
- discard any cut items that have not been kept refrigerated.

Rescuing other fresh and frozen foods

Restaurants often have other fresh and frozen items on hand, such as meat, poultry, eggs and dairy products, that will spoil or reach their quality expiration dates before they can be consumed. Because these items are potentially hazardous high-protein foods, operators should use care when donating them, even though there are cases when some programs may accept these items after they have expired.

When donating these potentially hazardous items, restaurateurs should

- never donate items that have been cooked, cooled and reheated
- keep items frozen or below 41 degrees Fahrenheit at all times
- examine the items for signs of decay, spoilage and odors
- check the expiration dates
- keep items in their original packaging and do not open
- mark thawed items so they will not be refrozen
- discard items that have been thawed and refrozen
- discard any opened packages or partially used products.

Gleaning packaged food from shelves

Restaurants also may have surplus canned and dry packaged foods that can be donated to food programs. Operators should check their shelves for items that are reaching or have passed their expiration dates and for products that are no longer used, such as a pasta shape that has been taken off the menu or canned sauces that have been replaced by freshly prepared ones. Flour, sugar, rice and other staples are always welcome; spices and specialty items, such as almonds or flavored coffee, help add variety.

When donating canned and dry packaged foods, restaurateurs should

- examine packaging for tears, holes, dents and broken seals
- look for signs of infestation and spoilage
- remove any accumulated dust or debris from the exterior
- discard any opened packages, spoiled or partially used products.

Donating prepared foods

Because many charitable meal providers cannot afford professional kitchen staff or much more than the most basic ingredients, donating prepared dishes to food programs is one of the best ways restaurants and others in the hospitality industry can contribute to the fight against hunger.

Donating leftover prepared items not only keeps the dishes from going to waste, but these foods help add diversity to often staple-based menus. Restaurant donations allow the industry to have not only a quantitative but a qualitative impact on the meals served in such programs, which can make the difference between feeling full and feeling satisfied.

Dishes that can be quick-chilled and/or frozen and then easily readied for serving at the meal site, or that are prepared hot or cold and kept hot or cold for timely consumption, are appropriate for donation. The key to safe donation of prepared food is the proper management of the food's temperature, handling and storage times.

When donating prepared foods, restaurateurs should

- avoid dishes containing potentially hazardous foods that have been heated, chilled and reheated, such as chicken that has been given a second or third life in a stew
- store dishes in shallow, one-use recyclable aluminum pans or clear-plastic food-grade bags
- package donations in smaller containers, such as shallow pans, rather than larger ones so that recipients can maintain the food's temperature and prepare only the amounts that will be consumed at one sitting
- label and date all containers so that their contents can be identified and used or destroyed within a safe period of time
- keep hot dishes to be consumed immediately at 140 degrees Fahrenheit or above
- refrigerate and/or freeze cold items that will not be immediately consumed—this procedure should not be followed for hot food
- never add warm leftovers to a container of chilled or frozen food
- keep donated food products separate to avoid cross contamination
- discard any food items that may have been handled by anyone except kitchen staff
- know what time a hot dish was prepared, the temperature and how long it took to cool to assure that foods are not kept in the danger zone of 41 degrees Fahrenheit to 140 degrees Fahrenheit for more than four hours.

Food categories and donation guidelines

Programs that receive donations of prepared foods should provide restaurateurs with guidelines about what particular foods the agency will accept under what conditions. For example, the technical-assistance manual prepared by the national hunger organization Foodchain for its affiliates suggests food classifications of extreme caution, high caution, moderate caution and low caution and offers guidelines for handling each type.

Extreme caution foods:

EXAMPLES

Protein salads, including potato, chicken, egg and seafood; some gravies, sauces and dressings; shellfish and crustacea.

HANDLING

Because of the volatility and precise temperature control required when handling these foods, they are generally considered unacceptable for donation.

High-caution foods:

EXAMPLES

Poultry and poultry products; beef, pork and other red meat; cooked rice or beans; tofu and other soy products; eggs; baked or boiled potatoes; dairy products.

HANDLING

Food should be prepared before its expiration date and within four hours of consumption if held hot and one day if held cold. Put simply, leftovers must not be held in the temperature danger zone of 41 degrees to 140 degrees Fahrenheit for more than two hours total. Also, when cooling hot foods, they should be cooled to under 41 degrees Fahrenheit within four hours.

Moderate caution foods:

EXAMPLES

Cold cuts (with preservatives), smoked or lightly cured meats, hard cheese, soups.

HANDLING

Food should be picked up within three days of its expiration date and within six hours of preparation if hot and within 48 hours if cold. Leftovers should not be left in the temperature danger zone of 41 degrees to 140 degrees Fahrenheit for more than two hours. Also, they should be cooled to under 41 degrees Fahrenheit within four hours, refrigerated for no longer than 48 hours and should show no signs of spoilage.

Low-caution foods:

EXAMPLES

Fresh fruit, vegetables, grains, breads, flour, nuts, beans, pastries.

HANDLING

Items should be checked for decay or spoilage.

In addition to these guidelines, donors should adhere to any handling directions provided by recipient programs.

III. PROTECTION FROM LIABILITY

One of the biggest obstacles to donating food to hunger programs has always been the prospective donor's fear of liability. However, everyone involved in the fight against hunger is now breathing easier since the passage of the Emerson Good Samaritan Food Donation Act in October 1996. The coverage provided by this law—in combination with proper food-safety practices and thorough documentation—will go a long way toward protecting restaurants from liability in the unlikely case of a lawsuit involving donated food.

According to the Good Samaritan Food Donation Act, a person, gleaner or nonprofit organization shall not be subject to civil or criminal liability arising from the nature, age, packaging or condition of apparently wholesome food or an apparently fit grocery product that the person or gleaner donates in good faith to a nonprofit organization for ultimate distribution to needy individuals.

The Act also states that liability exemption does not apply to an injury to or death of an ultimate user or recipient of the food or grocery product that results from an act or omission of the person, gleaner or nonprofit organization, as applicable, constituting gross negligence or intentional misconduct.

The Good Samaritan Law

This national law offers uniform protection to citizens, businesses and nonprofit organizations that proceed in good faith to donate, recover and distribute excess food. It promotes food recovery by limiting liability to acts of gross negligence or intentional misconduct—such as donating food from which others have already become ill—and absent these, donors and others shall not be subject to “civil or criminal liability arising from the nature, age, packaging, or condition of apparently wholesome food or apparently fit grocery products received as donations.”

The act also establishes basic nationwide uniform definitions applicable to the donation and distribution of nutritious foods, and it aids in assuring that donated foods meet all federal, state and local laws and regulations regarding quality and labeling standards.

The federal act now provides consistent, minimum-level protection for donors in all 50 states, the District of Columbia, the Commonwealth of Puerto Rico, and all U.S. territories and possessions. This means that the donation process has been eased for restaurants with multiple units in several states. However, while the national law does take precedence over the different forms of Good Samaritan statutes at the state level, its purpose is to provide minimum coverage. Although it has raised the bar on many state standards from “negligence” to “gross negligence,” there may be some state laws that actually provide greater protection for donors and gleaners than the national act. To find out what the maximum level of protection is in your state, contact your state attorney general's office and refer to the state codes listed in the appendix.

Additional measures

On top of the protection the laws afford, there are other steps donors should take to protect themselves in the unlikely event of a foodborne-illness incident.

First, before the initial donation is made, the restaurant should contact its local health department and find out what laws exist that govern donated prepared-and-perishable

foods, and then operators should make sure they are in compliance. At the same time, the restaurant should find out if the hunger programs under consideration have also met all health and safety regulations.

Another important step for restaurants involves documenting its efforts to ensure that the items they donate are safe. This step often is taken care of quickly and easily when prepared food is picked up by or delivered to a program. At the time of transfer, either the restaurant staff or the program's delivery person should record the food's temperature, condition and history. (For more information, see the section on Recovering Food in Restaurants.) Because donors already should be retaining at least minimal records of donations for inventory and tax purposes, keeping track of this additional information should not be a burden. In fact, many recipient programs supply receipts to donors that detail each donation.

Donors also should be aware of where the food is destined and how it will be stored and handled until it is consumed. Even if the food was perfectly safe when it left the restaurant, it could be mistakenly allowed to cool or thaw somewhere in transit, which could be harmful. However, if donors have taken steps to choose an established hunger program that will give written assurances of its training, practices and standards, not only will there be little chance of an incident occurring, but the restaurant will have paper in hand to show that it acted in good faith to guarantee that its donated food would reach the consumer safely.

Likewise, the restaurant should document its own food-safety-training efforts with its staff and consider providing employees with additional training geared specifically for food recovery, such as the SERVSAFE training provided by The Educational Foundation of the National Restaurant Association.

Donors should make sure that recipient programs carry liability insurance that includes donated food. Also, programs should be willing to provide the restaurant with a "hold harmless" agreement, which may offer protection from losses or damages in the case of a lawsuit against the program.

The national Good Samaritan Act converts Title IV of the National and Community Service Act of 1990, known as the Model Good Samaritan Food Donation Act, into permanent law within the Child Nutrition Act of 1966. The full text of the act, as well as the portions of the National and Community Service Act that it amends and citations for state laws, appear in the appendix of this guide.

IV. CHOOSING A RECIPIENT PROGRAM

Once the initial decision is made to donate food to the hungry, the urge to get started may be strong, but before the kitchen staff starts emptying the shelves, one of the first steps restaurateurs should take is to investigate possible recipient organizations in the community.

Some hunger programs function as food brokers, coordinating donations between the restaurant and recipient feeding programs, but they never actually handle food themselves. Others, like most food banks, accept and store donations, sometimes repackaging them into specific portions, for pick-up by feeding programs, individuals and families in need. Because they are highly structured, these two types are considered formal programs by those in the food-recovery field, and they are often affiliated with large, national hunger organizations. The last group—low-structure programs—include feeding programs such as soup kitchens that accept food directly from donors, with no “middleman” involved.

Although low-structure programs may also have national affiliation and function safely and well, with higher structure comes a stronger likelihood of training, supervision and overall safety, which protects everyone involved. It is in the restaurant’s best interest to find out as much as possible about the group that will be receiving and distributing its food, and restaurateurs should confirm that donated items will be properly stored, handled and served.

When choosing a recipient, donors should find out if

- the program is affiliated with a national hunger organization
- the program has formally trained its staff in proper food-safety and -handling techniques, such as the Educational Foundation’s SERVSAFE program.
- the staff members handling and picking up the food are certified food handlers
- other restaurants in the community are also donors to the program
- the program restricts prepared-food donations to commercial vendors
- the facility has adequate storage space, including refrigerators and freezers
- the facility has passed all local and state health and safety inspections
- the program carries adequate liability insurance.

Although not all of these qualifications are necessary to run a hunger program, possessing many of them is an indication of a good one. This guide includes a comprehensive list, organized by state, of local programs that accept donations. Many of them are affiliated with national hunger organizations, some of which are profiled in the following section.

V. NATIONAL HUNGER ORGANIZATIONS

A number of government entities and not-for-profit organizations are working together to help solve the problem of hunger in the United States. Some offer services such as dietary guidance, staff training and supervision of volunteers. Others operate as networks of food banks that collect and distribute produce, nonperishables and prepared foods to soup kitchens and individuals in need. These networks are administered nationally, but local members have a certain amount of autonomy. The majority of local distributors of donated food (listed by state later in this guide) are affiliated with one or more of these larger, national organizations.

The Chef and the Child Foundation

American Culinary Federation
10 San Bartola Road
St. Augustine, FL 32086
Phone: (904) 824-4468
Fax: (904) 825-3641
Website: www.acfchefs.org

The mission statement of The Chef and the Child Foundation of the American Culinary Federation (ACF) is: "To address the dietary needs and nutrition education needs of and for Children in America; — to be 'the voice and army of the American Culinary Federation in its fight against childhood hunger in America.'" Established in 1989, the Foundation has three parts to its crusade: an awareness campaign that kicks off every October around Childhood Hunger Day, an education program called the Chef in the Classroom that brings nutrition information to children in programs from preschool to the fifth grade, and a train-the-trainer program called Understanding Prepared Foods that educates those involved in prepared-food rescue about food-safety issues. Those interested in receiving training or in accessing the guidebook and video should contact the Foundation at the address given above.

Foodchain, Inc.

912 Baltimore, Suite 300
Kansas City, MO 64105
Phone: (816) 842-6006
Toll-Free Phone: (800) 845-3008
Fax: (816) 842-5145
E-mail: rescuefood@aol.com
Website: www.foodchain.org

Foodchain, Inc., is a food-rescue network of 126 community-based hunger-relief programs in the United States and Canada that safely collect prepared-and-perishable food for distribution to more than 7,100 charitable organizations serving people in need. Established in 1992, Foodchain provides information, technical assistance, food-rescue and job-training manuals, monthly and quarterly publications, and an annual training and networking conference in addition to other services. Foodchain works collaboratively with local and national businesses and organizations to strengthen its programs, among which is the copyrighted Match-a-Meal promotion, which allows individuals to contribute the money they would normally spend on lunch and encourages thought and discussion about the problem of hunger in America.

Second Harvest National Food Bank Network

116 South Michigan Avenue, Suite 4
 Chicago, IL 60603-6001
 Phone: (312) 263-2303
 Fax: (312) 263-5626
 Website: www.secondharvest.org

Established in 1979, the Second Harvest National Food Bank Network says it is now the largest charitable nongovernmental hunger-relief organization in the United States. Second Harvest solicits donations of food and grocery products that are shipped directly from donors to its network of more than 200 food banks that serve nearly 50,000 charitable agencies. Because of its network, Second Harvest can pick up donations as small as a few cases of food or as large as an entire warehouse of products. The organization includes in its mission conferences, workshops, training materials and consultation on all aspects of food-bank operations. It also maintains relationships with many national companies, including several in the restaurant and hospitality industries, and says its food banks meet industry standards for food handling, warehouse practices, inventory control and record keeping. Second Harvest provides containers, receipts and, if needed, even monthly statements summarizing the weight of donations. To donate to the Second Harvest National Food Bank Network, contact one of the local affiliates listed later in this guide or call (800) 771-2303, extension 136.

Share Our Strength

1511 K Street, NW, Suite 940
 Washington, DC 20005
 Phone: (202) 393-2925
 Fax: (202) 347-5868
 Website: www.strength.org

The mission of Share Our Strength (SOS) is to work to alleviate and prevent hunger and poverty in the United States and around the world by supporting food assistance, treating malnutrition and other consequences of hunger, and promoting economic independence of people in need. It meets immediate demands for food while working on long-term solutions to hunger and poverty through business and individual contribution of funds, time and talent. Founded in 1984, SOS awards grants to more than 800 organizations annually in the United States and Canada, and more than 10,000 chefs, restaurateurs, writers, business leaders and other concerned individuals contribute to SOS's creative fund-raising, community outreach, direct-service and public-education programs. One of SOS's major fund-raising activities is the culinary project Taste of the Nation, which is co-sponsored by American Express and Calphalon. Taste of the Nation events, now held in more than 100 cities, have raised in excess of \$27.8 million to fight hunger with the help of hundreds of restaurants around the country.

The United States Department of Agriculture

Washington, DC 20250
 Phone: (800) 245-6340
 TDD: (202) 720-1127
 Food Recovery and Volunteer Hotline: (800) GLEAN IT
 Website: www.usda.gov

The USDA engages in a number of food-recovery activities. In 1996, it published A Citizen's Guide to Food Recovery, which was used as one of the sources for the National Restaurant Association guide, and it oversees other government offices and programs involved in

hunger relief. The USDA says its Cooperative State Research, Education and Extension Service helps agencies and community groups establish local hunger programs, administer food-recovery programs and coordinate gleaning programs. The AmeriCorps National Service Program, which allows volunteers to trade community service for educational awards, is used by the USDA to fulfill a number of hunger-related projects, including gleaning and food-recovery programs. The Department also donates food from its Washington DC headquarters to a local food-recovery group, and it has entered a partnership with Burger King Corp. to donate food nationwide and create jobs in rural areas. Additionally, the USDA's Food Safety and Inspection Service worked with ACF's The Chef and the Child Foundation on its training program on safe food handling for hunger programs.

VI. OTHER WAYS TO PARTICIPATE

In addition to providing food to charitable feeding programs, there are many other ways members of the restaurant industry can join in the fight against hunger. Here are some other ways businesses and individuals can help.

Make cash contributions. Financial donations, which may be tax deductible when made to 501 (c) (3) charitable organizations, are always welcome, and the money can be used in a variety of ways. There are myriad costs associated with running a food program, including rent, utilities, transportation and insurance, many of which cannot be donated.

Donate non-food items. Hunger programs can benefit from the donation of other items in addition to food. Old or unused equipment, furnishings, paper products, cleaning supplies, flatware, dishes, storage containers—even the kitchen sink—can be put to good use.

Create surpluses. Many operators argue that they have no leftovers of nonperishable, perishable or prepared food because they have efficient inventory and requisition systems and their chefs cook to order. However, some restaurants use their buying power to purchase large quantities of food at wholesale prices and/or cook extra food just so they have something to donate.

Let staff volunteer. While lots of feeding programs that serve hot meals do so cafeteria-style, there are plenty of ways restaurant staff members can help out. In addition to the cooking and cleaning tasks, waitstaff can provide beverage service, replenish bread baskets, and serve coffee and dessert. Volunteering is a great team-building exercise and it's one in which operators' family members can join as well.

Put your departments to work. Restaurants with marketing, electronic data, human resources and other departments can aid programs by allowing staff to create advertising, automate inventory systems and develop volunteer policies, as well as provide many other services for hunger agencies.

Reward volunteerism. If your staff doesn't volunteer as a group, reward those who do so on their own by giving them extra time off, public recognition, gift certificates and bonuses. Although such work is often its own reward, drawing attention to employees who volunteer encourages others to join in.

Offer your expertise. Some volunteers in soup kitchens have no formal training in food preparation, so restaurant operators or their staff can give lessons on all aspects of cooking, from parboiling to plate presentation. Some charitable programs even use their feeding operations to do job-skills training for their own clients, so volunteers end up not only feeding the hungry, but also giving individuals new skills that will help them support themselves. And if volunteers are unable to access formal food-safety training elsewhere, such

as the program offered by the Chef and the Child Foundation described in the section on National Hunger Organizations, experienced kitchen staff could also offer basic lessons in that area as well.

Get on board. Offer to serve on a local hunger program's board of directors. Doing so will bring expertise and credibility to the program and prestige to the restaurant.

Donate your services at fund-raisers. A variety of charities now raise funds by selling tickets to a banquet that features the culinary specialties of a community's restaurants, such as Share Our Strength's Taste of the Nation events. These are perfect opportunities for members of the restaurant industry to show off their talents and raise money at the same time.

Sell charitable gift certificates. For those who often must eat in soup kitchens, a night out at a restaurant would be food for the soul. Restaurant customers in search of a good cause could be asked to donate half the cost of a gift certificate, which would be matched by the restaurant. The certificates would then be distributed by charitable organizations to those in need.

Extend an invitation. Many restaurants participate in the fight against hunger by regularly inviting small groups of clients of local social-service agencies to eat in their operations. Or restaurateurs might consider setting aside a slow night or an evening when the restaurant is normally closed to throw a party for a large number of clients so that they can experience a rare night on the town. If allowing partygoers to order off the menu would be too costly, consider offering a special choice of three or four entrees, sides and desserts. Different restaurants might also team up to share expenses and hosting duties.

Donate proceeds from charitable promotions. Many businesses promote their goods and services by giving a portion of sales to charity—especially around the holidays. Donate a percentage or dollar amount from the sale of a particular entree, appetizer or dessert to a hunger program. Doing so gives the perception of a value-added offer and garners media attention, all while benefitting the hungry.

Promote through retail items. Add the logo and message of a local hunger program to your restaurant's T-shirts and other promotional retail items and then donate all or a portion of the proceeds to the program.

Pull Strings. Restaurateurs can use their connections with colleagues in other industries to acquire space, machinery and equipment, paper supplies, bulk food, cleaning and repair services, and a host of other necessities for hunger programs.

VII. ADVANTAGES OF GIVING

Donating food to hunger programs can benefit restaurants in many tangible and intangible ways. For example, donating food **is good for business.** Studies indicate that businesses that are known to donate to charitable organizations have a higher public perception and are more likely to be patronized. So the public relations aspect of participating in a hunger program cannot be ignored. For more on this topic, see the section on Public Relations.

may offer tax benefits. Donations to organizations classified as 501 (c) (3) by the Internal Revenue Service (IRS), including a portion of the value of prepared food, may be tax deductible. Contact the IRS for details.

can boost morale. When restaurant staff work together to find ways to donate, to prepare food for transport and to actually serve food to the hungry, the team-building benefits are outstanding. And when lower-level staff are put in charge of such projects or have substantial roles in them, it helps build their self-esteem. Making staff happy reduces turnover and helps keep restaurant operations running smoothly as well.

can uncovers waste. Many operators who decide to participate in food-recovery programs are amazed to find how much waste actually occurs in their restaurants' day-to-day operations. When they realize how many pounds of food are actually lost, they are motivated to improve management procedures, which reduces food costs.

VIII. PUBLIC RELATIONS ASPECTS OF FOOD DONATION

While some may argue that charitable acts should be done in secret, without fanfare or hype, drawing attention to a restaurant's involvement in a hunger program has many benefits—for the program and for the restaurant.

Programs benefit because public relations efforts increase public awareness of their existence, their good works and their further needs. Also, restaurant involvement lends additional credibility to programs, so when other businesses see that a restaurant thinks the hunger cause is worthwhile, they are more likely to join in. Plus, hunger programs have little money to spend on public relations and often rely heavily on sponsors to get the word out about their organizations' work.

Restaurants benefit because consumers have a higher perception of businesses with ties to charities and are more likely to patronize them. And bringing in more customers leads to higher profits, which allow restaurants to make an even larger contribution to the cause. In addition to prepared-food donations, this guide's section on Other Ways to Participate details many ideas for getting involved in the hunger-fighting movement.

For any sort of event or promotion, advertising options will probably be limited to the paid and in-house varieties, which also may be used to promote those activities that are non-profit. However, solely charitable involvement—even the fact that the restaurant makes food donations—may be considered newsworthy, and local media organizations might be willing to profile the restaurant and/or the hunger program in a feature story, thus providing valuable free publicity.

Paid advertising

Whether paid advertising is in print, on television or on radio, any medium is appropriate for promoting the restaurant's involvement with a hunger organization. The key is to use a

little finesse so as not to sound self-serving or as though the restaurant is the hunger program's sole supporter. Remember, in addition to gaining publicity for the program and the restaurant, the goal is to get others involved.

Tag lines. To the end of all ads, tack on a sentence that briefly mentions the restaurant's relationship with the hunger program. It could sound something like, "The Main Street Cafe ... partners with Cornucopia in the fight against hunger."

Logos. Place the hunger program's logo in print ads, and use them full-screen in television ads when the tag line is read.

Go all the way. Devote an entire advertisement or series of ads to the hunger program. Name the restaurant and the program together several times to create a link in consumers' minds.

Promote promotions. Promotions to benefit a hunger program that require increased sales will fail unless the public is informed. Advertise them as much as any other special and take advantage of the human-interest aspect.

Create partnerships. When a restaurant creates ties with other restaurants and businesses to help the hungry together, that means they all can share advertising expenses, too.

In-house advertising

In addition to being less expensive than other types of ads, in-house advertising allows the restaurant to provide customers with more details about the hunger program, and it is the best place to plug charitable promotions that involve the purchase of a particular menu item.

Stick to it. Many hunger programs offer promotional materials or stickers for restaurants to place on doors or tables to let the public know of their involvement.

Table tents. Table tents are a perfect place to go into detail about the hunger program and the restaurant's role in the fight against hunger. Waitstaff can even bring the table tent to customers' attention while beverages are being served.

Buttons. Waitstaff can be asked to wear buttons featuring the hunger program's logo. Some of the badges could say, "Ask me about . . ." followed by the name of the hunger program. Be sure the staff is informed enough to answer questions, or provide them with detailed pamphlets or fliers to hand out to customers.

Menus. If the purchase of a particular item will result in a donation to the hunger organization, place the program's logo alongside the item's description in the menu.

Lobby displays. Create a lobby display that is both eye-catching and informative. Use photographs from the hunger program, props of bulk food cans and empty food containers, and cards and posters with statistics about hunger in America. Or involve a local elementary school in the fight and have children draw pictures illustrating what hunger means to them.

Free publicity

The best things in life are free—including advertising. However, accessing free newspaper space and air time may take a little bit of work, but the benefits are outstanding. Here are some tips that will help restaurants gain free access to the media.

Write press releases. Much of what we read in the newspaper and see and hear featured on the news was first brought to an editor's attention via a press release. A press release can be a few lines or a couple of pages long and can give the barest detail or be written as a

full-blown news story. The release should be printed on the restaurant's or the hunger program's letterhead and should mention who is involved, what the event is, and when, why, where and how it is being held. It should also contain the names and telephone numbers of people to contact for more information. Releases should be mailed to all local news organizations, columnists, and calendar and events editors. If the local newspaper has a food section and a community section, a release should be sent to editors of both. Follow-up phone calls should be made if possible, but callers should avoid calling close to deadline or broadcast time.

Capitalize on drive-time. To draw attention to the cause, surprise on-air radio personalities with deliveries of breakfast, lunch, dinner, appetizers or desserts. Take the gifts in person or have them delivered with information about an upcoming fund-raiser. They can hardly enjoy what you've brought without mentioning the restaurant and the charity.

Participate in give-aways. Offer a gift of dinner for two as a prize to a call-in radio or television program in exchange for mentioning the restaurant and the hunger program on the air.

Promote name recognition. If the press has decided to attend an event, make sure the restaurant's name will be visible. Whether it is on the paper napkins donated to the hunger program, on the shirts of the restaurant staff who volunteer or on containers of food, the restaurant's name and logo should appear whenever possible.

Involve the media. Many media organizations are also involved in charitable causes. Become partners with a newspaper, television station or radio station. When they publicize the hunger program or special event, the restaurant will get publicity as well.

IX. SUCCESS STORIES

Thousands of restaurateurs around the country are involved in the fight against hunger. This cause has been taken up by a number of national restaurant chains as well as independent operations. Whether these restaurateurs donate food, volunteer in soup kitchens or participate in fund-raising, all are driven by a desire to feed those who would not otherwise eat. The experiences of the following restaurant-industry professionals prove that feeding the hungry is a simple act of kindness that takes little effort but offers many rewards.

Armand's Chicago Pizzeria. "There's no excuse for not making your leftover and unused food available," says Ron Newmyer, vice president of his family's popular Washington DC-based pizza chain, Armand's Chicago Pizzeria. "They [the food-recovery programs] make it very easy for you to do something for the hungry and homeless. All you have to do is find a little storage space."

Several times a week drivers from two hunger programs, DC Central Kitchen and Shepherd's Table, visit Armand's restaurants to pick up 120 to 150 pounds of leftover refrigerated pizzas. These extras come from customer orders that do not get picked up or that were made with the wrong toppings, catering over-orders or pies made in anticipation of heavy traffic at Armand's buffets.

In addition to donating leftover food, Armand's fights hunger in a variety of other ways, too. Newmyer and his staff frequently treat clients and staff of charities, such as a local battered women's shelter, to a catered lunch. Armand's has a fleet of four vehicles equipped with ovens that allow par-baked pizzas to be prepared and served on-site. The vehicles also come in handy each year when Armand's takes its place at the Taste of DC,

an outdoor event that covers five city blocks and is visited by approximately a million people, with all proceeds benefitting the hungry.

John Q's Steakhouse. "Nobody should be hungry in this country," says Rick Cassara, co-owner with partner Jim Kuczinski of John Q's Steakhouse, an upscale eatery located in downtown Cleveland's Public Square.

Since the restaurant's opening in 1992, the pair have been donating leftover prepared food to Northcoast Foodrescue. Cassara, who is also on Northcoast's advisory board and is involved in local and state restaurant associations, says, "There are many people on the streets of Cleveland who are homeless and hungry." He says the restaurant's involvement in food rescue has been very successful, with thousands of pounds donated since the partnership with Northcoast began. "A little bit every day adds up," says Cassara.

In addition to making prepared-food donations, John Q's participates in the Cleveland edition of Share Our Strength's Taste of the Nation fund-raiser, as well as other charity events. The restaurant receives five or six requests a day for donations such as gift certificates, which are then auctioned off to raise money. Cassara says he responds more often to those charities that benefit the hungry. "We can't do all of them, so we look for the fit."

Laudisio. Patricia and Antonio Laudisio, owner/operators of Laudisio in Boulder, Colorado, believe in feeding the hearts as well as the stomachs of Boulder's less fortunate citizens. That's why once a month they treat a group of 12 to 15 clients of a different local social-service agency to dinner at Laudisio as part of the Table Share project of Boulder's hunger program Community Food Share. "It doesn't only deal with people's hunger, but their need to feel good about themselves," says Antonio Laudisio.

The decision to become involved was simple: "If they would bless my dining room by coming here, I would be happy to serve them," Laudisio says he thought at the time. "It's a way for us to pay back the community, and it's a way for them to celebrate beyond the sustenance level."

In addition to Table Share, the Laudisios are involved in Taste of the Nation, as well as a number of other community projects. All intangible benefits aside, Laudisio points out, "Being involved in the community is good for business."

Zarda Bar-B-Q. "I don't think initially we thought we would have as much to donate as we did because we are very, very hypersensitive to waste," says Terry Hyer, marketing director of Zarda Bar-B-Q, which has locations in Blue Springs, Missouri, and Lenexa, Kansas. The company donates its leftovers to Kansas City Harvest. "It's not a dramatic enough amount that you're going to look at your bottom line and think that you have a problem," he says, "but we like it because the food's not going to waste."

Zarda staffers freeze leftover items such as fresh meat, prepared beans and batches of beef that may have been slightly overcooked, which are then picked up by Harvest program drivers. "It's a somewhat clinical procedure," says Hyer.

Zarda became involved in the fight against hunger after being approached by Kansas City Harvest. Although liability was a concern at first, any hesitation on the part of the restaurant was stemmed, Hyer says, after seeing how professionally the program staff handled the food. "There's risk involved in anything. You just have to weigh that risk with the reward," he says.

APPENDIX

Text of the Emerson Good Samaritan Food Donation Act from the USDA publication A Citizen's Guide to Food Recovery.

PUBLIC LAW 104-210

AN ACT

To encourage the donation of food and grocery products to nonprofit organizations for distribution to needy individuals by giving the Model Good Samaritan Food Donation Act the full force and effect of law.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled,

SECTION I.

CONVERSION TO PERMANENT LAW OF MODEL GOOD SAMARITAN FOOD DONATION ACT AND TRANSFER OF THAT ACT TO CHILD NUTRITION ACT OF 1966.

(a) Conversion to Permanent Law.—Title IV of the National and Community Service Act of 1990 is amended—

(1) by striking the title heading and sections 401 and 403 (42 U.S.C. 12671 and 12673); and

(2) in section 402 (42 U.S.C. 12672)—

(A) in the section heading, by striking “model” and inserting “Bill Emerson”;

(B) in subsection (a), by striking “Good Samaritan” and inserting “Bill Emerson Good Samaritan”;

(C) in subsection (b)(7), to read as follows:

“(7) Gross negligence.—The term ‘gross negligence’ means voluntary and conscious conduct (including a failure to act) by a person who, at the time of the conduct, knew that the conduct was likely to be harmful to the health or well-being of another person.”;

(D) by striking subsection (c) and inserting the following:

(c) Liability for Damages From Donated Food and Grocery Products.—

(1) Liability of person or gleaner.—A person or gleaner shall not be subject to civil or criminal liability arising from the nature, age, packaging, or condition of apparently wholesome food or an apparently fit grocery product that the person or gleaner donates in good faith to a nonprofit organization for ultimate distribution to needy individuals.

(2) Liability of nonprofit organization.—A nonprofit organization shall not be subject to civil or criminal liability arising from the nature, age, packaging, or condition of apparently wholesome food or an apparently fit grocery product that the nonprofit organization received as a donation in good faith from a person or gleaner for ultimate distribution to needy individuals.

(3) Exception.—Paragraphs (1) and (2) shall not apply to an injury to or death of an ultimate user or recipient of the food or grocery product that results from an act or omission of the person, gleaner or nonprofit organization, as applicable, constituting gross negligence or intentional misconduct.”; and

(E) in subsection (f), by adding at the end the following: “Nothing in this section shall be construed to supersede State or local health regulations.”

(b) Transfer to Child Nutrition Act of 1966.—Section 402 of the National and Community

Service Act of 1990 (42 U.S.C.12672) (as amended by subsection (a))—

(1) is transferred from the National and Community Service Act of 1990 to the Child Nutrition Act of 1966;

(2) is redesignated as section 22 of the Child Nutrition Act of 1966; and

(3) is added at the end of such Act.

(c) Conforming Amendment.—The table of contents for the National and Community Service Act of 1990 is amended by striking the items relating to title IV.

SECTION OF THE NATIONAL AND COMMUNITY SERVICE ACT OF 1990 THAT WAS AMENDED BY THE EMERSON GOOD SAMARITAN FOOD DONATION ACT:

Public Law No. 101-610, 104 Stat. 3183 (codified at 42 U.S.C. 12671-12673) (1990)

TITLE IV-FOOD DONATIONS

SEC. 401. SENSE OF CONGRESS CONCERNING ENACTMENT OF GOOD SAMARITAN FOOD DONATION ACT.

(a) IN GENERAL.—It is the sense of Congress that each of the 50 States, the District of Columbia, the Commonwealth of Puerto Rico, and the territories and possessions of the United States should

(1) encourage the donation of apparently wholesome food or grocery products to nonprofit organizations for distribution to needy individuals; and

(2) consider the Model Good Samaritan Food Donation Act (provided in section 402) as a means of encouraging the donation of food and grocery products.

(b) DISTRIBUTION OF COPIES.—The Archivist of the United States shall distribute a copy of this title to the chief executive officer of each of the 50 States, the District of Columbia, the Commonwealth of Puerto Rico, and the territories and possessions of the United States.

SEC. 402. MODEL GOOD SAMARITAN FOOD DONATION ACT.

(a) SHORT TITLE. —This section may be cited as the “Good Samaritan Food Donation Act.”

(b) DEFINITIONS. —As used in this section:

(1) APPARENTLY FIT GROCERY PRODUCT.—The term “apparently fit grocery product” means a grocery product that meets a quality and labeling standard imposed by Federal, State, and local laws and regulations even though the product may not be readily marketable due to appearance, age, freshness, grade, size, surplus or other conditions.

(2) APPARENTLY WHOLESOME FOOD. —The term “apparently wholesome food” means food that meets all quality and labeling standards imposed by Federal, State, and local laws and regulations even though the food may not be readily marketable due to appearance, age, freshness, grade, size, surplus or other conditions.

(3) DONATE.—The term “donate” means to give without requiring anything of monetary value from the recipient, except that the term shall include giving by a nonprofit organization to another nonprofit organization, notwithstanding that the donor organization has charged a nominal fee to the donee organization, if the ultimate recipient or user is not required anything of monetary value.

(4) FOOD.—The term “food” means any raw, cooked, processed, or prepared edible substance, ice, beverage, or ingredient used or intended for use in whole or in part for human consumption.

(5) GLEANER. —The term “gleaner” means a person who harvests for free distribution to the needy, or for donation to a nonprofit organization for ultimate distribution to the needy, an agricultural crop that has been donated by the owner.

(6) GROCERY PRODUCT. —The term “grocery product” means a nonfood grocery product, including a disposable paper or plastic product, household cleaning product, laundry detergent, cleaning product, or miscellaneous household item.

(7) GROSS NEGLIGENCE.—The term “gross negligence” means voluntary and conscious conduct by a person with knowledge (at the time of the conduct) that the conduct is likely to be harmful to the health or well-being of another person.

(8) INTENTIONAL MISCONDUCT.—The term “intentional misconduct” means conduct by a person with knowledge (at the time of the conduct) that the conduct is harmful to the health or well-being of another person.

(9) NONPROFIT ORGANIZATION.—The term “nonprofit organization” means an incorporated or unincorporated entity that —

(A) is operating for religious, charitable or educational purposes; and

(B) does not provide net earnings to, or operate in any other manner that inures to the benefit of, any officer, employee or shareholder of the entity.

(10) PERSON.—The term “person” means an individual, corporation, partnership, organization, association or governmental entity, including a retail grocer, wholesaler, hotel, motel, manufacturer, restaurant, caterer, farmer, nonprofit food distributor or hospital. In the case of a corporation, partnership, organization, association or governmental entity, the term includes an officer, director, partner, deacon, trustee, council member, or other elected or appointed individual responsible for the governance of the entity.

(c) LIABILITY FOR DAMAGES FROM DONATED FOOD AND GROCERY PRODUCTS.—A person or gleaner shall not be subject to civil or criminal liability arising from the nature, age, packaging, or condition of apparently wholesome food or an apparently fit grocery product that the person or gleaner donates in good faith to a nonprofit organization for ultimate distribution to needy individuals, except that this paragraph shall not apply to an injury to or death of an ultimate user or recipient of the food or grocery product that results from an act or omission of the donor constituting gross negligence or intentional misconduct.

(d) COLLECTION OR GLEANING OF DONATIONS.—A person who allows the collection or gleaning of donations on property owned or occupied by the person by gleaners, or paid or unpaid representatives of a nonprofit organization, for ultimate distribution to needy individuals shall not be subject to civil or criminal liability that arises due to the injury or death of the gleaner or representative, except that this paragraph shall not apply to an injury or death that results from an act or omission of the person constituting gross negligence or intentional misconduct.

(e) PARTIAL COMPLIANCE.—If some or all of the donated food and grocery products do not meet all quality and labeling standards imposed by Federal, State, and local laws and regulations, the person or gleaner who donates the food and grocery products shall not be subject to civil or criminal liability in accordance with this section if the nonprofit organization that receives the donated food or grocery products—

(1) is informed by the donor of the distressed or defective condition of the donated food or grocery products;

(2) agrees to recondition the donated food or grocery products to comply with all the quality and labeling standards prior to distribution; and

(3) is knowledgeable of the standards to properly recondition the donated food or grocery product.

(f) CONSTRUCTION.—This section shall not be construed to create any liability.

SEC. 403. EFFECT OF SECTION 402

The Model Good Samaritan Food Donation Act (provided in section 402) is intended only to serve as a model law for enactment by the States, the District of Columbia, the Commonwealth of Puerto Rico, and the territories and possessions of the United States. The enactment of section 402 shall have no force or effect in law.

STATE CITATIONS

These citations are taken from the USDA publication *A Citizen's Guide to Food Recovery*. They are provided for informational purposes only. No representation is made as to the accuracy or applicability of these statutes to the actions of any individual or organization engaged in food-recovery or gleaning activities. Such individuals or organizations should consult with their legal advisors regarding the applicability of these statutes to their activities.

ALABAMA

Ala. Code § 20-1-6 (1995)

ALASKA

Alaska Stat. §§ 17.20.345, 17.20.346, and 17.20.347 (1995)

ARIZONA

Ariz. Rev. Stat. Ann. § 36-916 (1995)

ARKANSAS

Ark. Stat. Ann. §§ 20.57-201 and 20-57-103 (1995)

CALIFORNIA

Cal. Civ. Code §§ 1714.25;
Cal. Food & Agr. Code §§ 58501, 58502, 58503.1, 58504, 58505, 58506, 58507, 58508, 58509;
Cal. Health & Safety Code §§ 114435 through 114455; and
Cal. Civ. Code § 846.2 (1995)

COLORADO

Colo. Rev. Stat. §§ 13-21-113, 39-22-115, and 39-22-301 (1995)

CONNECTICUT

Conn. Gen. Stat. § 52-557L (1994)

DELAWARE

Del. Code Ann. tit. 10, § 8130; and tit. 16, § 6820 (1995)

DISTRICT OF COLUMBIA

D.C. Code Ann. § 33-801 (1996)

FLORIDA

Fla. Stat. §§ 768.135-137 (1995)

GEORGIA

Ga. Code Ann. § 51-1-31 (1995)

HAWAII

Haw. Rev. Stat. §§ 145D-1, 145D-2, 145D-3, 145D-4, 145D-5, 663-1.57, and 663-10.6 (1995)

IDAHO

Idaho Code §§ 6-1301 and 6-1302 (1995)

ILLINOIS

Ill. Ann. Stat. ch. 745, para. 50/1, 50/2, 50/3, and 50/4 (1996)

INDIANA

Ind. Code Ann. §§ 34-4-12.5-1 and 34-4-12.5-2 (Burns 1996)

IOWA

Iowa Code § 672.1 (1995)

KANSAS

Kan. Stat. Ann. § 65-687 (1995)

KENTUCKY

Ky. Rev. Stat. Ann. §§ 413.247 and 413.248 (Mitchie 1995)

LOUISIANA

La. Rev. Stat. Ann. §§ 9:2799 and 9:2799.3 (1996)

MAINE

Me. Rev. Stat. Ann. tit. 14, § 166 (1995)

MARYLAND

Md. Courts and Judicial Proc. Code Ann. § 5-377; Md. Health-General Code Ann. § 21-322 (1995)

MASSACHUSETTS

Mass. Ann. Laws ch. 94, § 328 (1996)

MICHIGAN

Mich. Stat. Ann. §§ 14.17(71), 14.17(72), and 14.17(73) (1994)

MINNESOTA

Minn. Stat. § 604A.10 (1995)

MISSISSIPPI

Miss. Code Ann. §§ 95-7-1, 95-7-3, 95-7-5, 95-7-7, 95-7-9, 95-7-11, and 95-7-13 (1995)

MISSOURI

Mo. Rev. Stat. § 537.115 (1995)

MONTANA

Mont. Code Ann. § 27-1-716 (1995)

NEBRASKA

Neb. Rev. Stat. § 25-21,189 (1995)

NEVADA

Nev. Rev. Stat. Ann. § 41.491 (1995)

NEW HAMPSHIRE

N.H. Rev. Stat. Ann. § 508:15 (1995)

NEW JERSEY

N.J. Rev. Stat. §§ 24:4A-1, 24:4A-2, 24:4A-3, 24:4A-4, and 24:4A-5 (1994)

NEW MEXICO

N.M. Stat. Ann. §§ 41-10-1, 41-10-2, 41-10-3, and 41-10-4 (1995)

NEW YORK

N.Y. Agric. & Mkts. Law §§ 71-y, 71-z (1995)

NORTH CAROLINA

N.C. Gen. Stat. § 99B-10 (1995)

NORTH DAKOTA

N.D. Cent. Code §§ 19-05.1-02 and 19-05.1-03 (1995)

OHIO

Ohio Rev. Code Ann. §§ 2305.35 and 2305.37 (Anderson 1995)

OKLAHOMA

Okla. Stat. tit. 76, § 5.6 (1995)

OREGON

Or. Rev. Stat. § 30.890 (1995)

PENNSYLVANIA

10 Pa. Cons. Stat. §§ 351-58; 42 Pa. Cons. Stat. § 8338 (1995)

RHODE ISLAND

R.I. Gen. Laws §§ 21-34-1, 21-34-2 and 21-24-3 (1995)

SOUTH CAROLINA

S.C. Code Ann. §§ 15-74-10, 15-74-20, 15-74-30, and 15-74-40 (1993)

SOUTH DAKOTA

S.D. Codified Laws §§ 39-4-22, 39-4-23, 39-4-24 and 39-4-25 (1996)

TENNESSEE

Tenn. Code Ann. §§ 53-13-101, 53-13-102 and 53-13-103 (1995)

TEXAS

Tex. Civ. Prac. & Rem. Code §§ 76.001, 76.002, 76.003, and 76.004 (1996)

UTAH

Utah Code Ann. §§ 4-34-5 and 78-11-22.1 (1995)

VERMONT

Vt. Stat. Ann. tit. 12, §§ 5761 and 5762 (1995)

VIRGINIA

Va. Code Ann. §§ 3.1-418.1 and 35.1-14.2 (1995)

WASHINGTON

Wash. Rev. Code §§ 69.80.010, 69.80.020, 69.80.030, 69.80.031, 69.80.040, 69.80.050, and 69.80.900 (1995)

WEST VIRGINIA

W. Va. Code §§ 9-8-2 and 55-7-16 (1995)

WISCONSIN

Wis. Stat. § 895.51 (1994)

WYOMING

Wyo. Stat. § 35-7-1301 (1995)

Local hunger organizations listed alphabetically by state (key to abbreviations on page 50):

ALABAMA

Cooperative Extension System (CES)

Duncan Hall, Room 220C
Auburn University, AL 36849-5621
Phone: (334) 844-2224

East Alabama Food Bank (SH)

1415 Pompaty Avenue
Auburn, AL 36830
(334) 821-9006
Fax: (334) 821-9006

The United Way Community FB (SH)

2524 2nd Street, West
Birmingham, AL 35204
(205) 252-7343
Fax: (205) 251-6098

Magic City Harvest (FC)

P.O. Box 11292
Birmingham, AL 35202
(205) 591-3663

Wiregrass Area United Way Food Bank (SH)

382 Twitchell Road
Dothan, AL 36305
(334) 794-9775

Food Bank of North Alabama (SH)

2000 Vernon Street #B
Huntsville, AL 35805
(205) 539-2256
Fax: (205) 539-1437

Bay Area Food Bank (SH)

551 C. Western Drive
Mobile, AL 36607
(334) 471-1608
Fax: (334) 471-1626

Montgomery Area Food Bank, Inc. (SH)

521 Trade Center Street
Montgomery, AL 36108-2107
(334) 263-3784
Fax: (334) 262-6854

Selma Area Food Bank (SH)

P.O. Box 2513
497 Oak Street
Selma, AL 36702
(334) 872-4111

West Alabama Food Bank (SH)

P.O. Box 030442
Tuscaloosa, AL 35403
(205) 759-5519

1890 Extension Programs (CES)

Tuskegee University
Tuskegee, AL 36088
Phone: (334) 727-8808

ALASKA

Food Bank of Alaska (SH)

2121 Spar Avenue
Anchorage, AK 99501
(907) 272-3663
Fax: (907) 277-7368

Fairbanks Community Food Bank (SH)

517 Gaffney Road
Fairbanks, AK 99701-4913
(907) 452-7761
Fax: (907) 456-2377

Nome Community Center, Inc. (SH)

P.O. Box 98
Nome, AK 99762
(907) 443-5259
Fax: (907) 443-2990

Kenai Peninsula Food Bank (SH)

33955 Community College Dr.
Soldotna, AK 99669-1267
(907) 262-3111
Fax: (907) 262-6428

ARIZONA

United Food Bank (SH) (WH)

358 E. Javelina
Mesa, AZ 85210
(602) 9264897

Borderlands Food Bank (WH)

1186 N. Hohokam Drive
Nogales, AZ 85621
(520) 287-2627

Association of Arizona Food Banks (WH)

4221 N. 43rd Ave.
Phoenix, AZ 85031
(602) 278-5877

St. Vincent De Paul Food Bank (WH)

420 West Watkins Street
Phoenix, AZ 85003
(602) 261-6851

St. Mary's Food Bank (WH)

2841 North 31st Avenue
Phoenix, AZ 85009-1518
(602) 352-3640

Waste Not, Inc. (FC)

7375 E. Second Street
Scottsdale, AZ 85251
(602) 941-1841

Westside Food Bank (SH) (WH)

13050 W. Elm
Surprise, AZ 85372
(602) 242-3663
Fax: (602) 583-9245

Tucson's Table (WH) (SH) (FC)

303 S. Country Club
P.O. Box 85713
Tucson, AZ 85374
(520) 622-0525
Fax: (520) 624-6349

SĒ Arizona Food Bank Assn. (SH) (WH)

401 East Maley
Willcox, AZ 85643
(520) 384-4433
Fax: (520) 384-5378

Yuma Community Food Bank (SH)(WH)

495 E. 10th Street
Yuma, AZ 85364
(520) 343-1243
Fax: (520) 782-7924

ARKANSAS

SW Arkansas Foodbank (SH)

P.O. Box 585
Arkadelphia, AR 71923
(870) 246-8244

Northwest Arkansas Foodbank (SH)

1420 N. 32nd
P.O. Box 4069
Ft. Smith, AR 72914
(501) 785-0582
Fax: (501) 785-3218

Food Bank of Northeast Arkansas (SH)

3406 S. Culberhouse
Jonesboro, AR 72404
(870) 932-3663
Fax: (870) 933-6639

Cooperative Extension Service (CES)

University of Arkansas
2301 S. University, P.O. Box 391
Little Rock, AR 72203
(501) 671-2111

Second Harvest Food Bank of Ark. (SH)

8121 Distribution Drive
Little Rock, AR 72209
(501) 565-8121
Fax: (501) 565-0180

Potluck, Inc. (FC)

1400 Gregory St.
Little Rock, AR 72114
(501) 371-0303
Fax: (501) 371-5009

Ozark Food Bank (SH)

1901 Townwest Dr.
Rogers, AR 72756

Bradley County Helping Hand (SH)

P.O. Box 312
Warren, AR 71671
(870) 226-5512

CALIFORNIA

Golden Empire Gleaners (SH)

2030 Fourteenth Street
Bakersfield, CA 93301-5001
(805) 324-2767
Fax: (805) 324-2779

Kern County Food Bank (SH)

P.O. Box 134
Bakersfield, CA 93302
(805) 634-1075
Fax: (805) 325-0175

Daily Bread (FCA)

(510) 848-3522

FIND, Inc. (SH)

P.O. Box 41
Cathedral City, CA 92235-0041
(760) 328-3663
Fax: (760) 328-3994

Butte County Gleaners, Inc. (SH)

1436 Unit E - Nord Avenue
Chico, CA 95926
(916) 899-3758
Fax: (916) 899-0307

South Central Food Distributor (SH)

600 North Alameda St., Suite 118
Compton, CA 90220
(310) 635-7938

Contra Costa Food Bank (SH) (FC)

5121 Port Chicago Hwy.
P.O. Box 271966
Concord, CA 94520
(510) 676-7543
Fax: (510) 671-7933

Rural Human Services, Inc. (SH)

811 G. Street
Crescent City, CA 95531
(707) 464-7441

Food For People (SH)

315 V Street
Eureka, CA 95501
(707) 445-3166

Clear Lake Gleaners (SH)

P.O. Box 266
1896 Big Valley Rd.
Finley, CA 95435
(707) 263-8082

Mendocino Food & Nutrition Program (SH)

P.O. Box 70
910 N. Franklin Street
Ft. Bragg, CA 95437
(707) 964-9404

Senior Gleaners (SH)

3185 Longview Drive North
Highlands, CA 95660
(916) 971-1530
Fax: (916) 482-3450

**The Food Bank of Southern California (FCA)
(WH)**

1444 San Francisco Avenue
Long Beach, CA 90813
(562) 435-3577
Fax: (562) 437-6168

Charitable Distribution Facility (WH)

1601 E. Olympic Blvd., Dock 100, Space 155
Los Angeles, CA 90021
(213) 622-0902

**Extra Helpings Los Angeles Regional FB (SH)
(FC)**

1734 E. 41st Street
Los Angeles, CA 90058-1502
(213) 234-3030, x131
Fax: (213) 234-0943

San Joaquin County Food Bank (SH)

704 E. Industrial Park Drive
Manteca, CA 95337
(209) 833-3663
Fax: (209) 239-2086

Golden Harvest (SH)

P.O. Box 2085
Merced, CA 95344
(209) 723-3641

Napa Food Bank (SH)

1755 Industrial Way, #1
Napa, CA 94558
(707) 253-6128

Oakland Potluck (FC)

Preservation Park
678 13th Street
Oakland, CA 94612
(510) 272-0414
Fax: (510) 272-0145

Alameda Co. Comm. Food Bank (SH)

10901 Russet Street
Oakland, CA 94603
(510) 568-3663
Fax: (510) 568-3895

Harvest Bag Oceano (SH)

P.O. Box 628
Oceano, CA 93445
(805) 489-4223

**Food Rescue for People in Need
Food Distribution Center (SH) (FC)**

426-A W. Almond Street
Orange, CA 92866
(714) 771-1343
Fax: (714) 771-7813

**Food Share R.P.M.'s Inc.
Food Share, Inc. (FC) (SH)**

4156 N. Southbank Rd.
Oxnard, CA 93030

**Friends In Deed, Emergency Food and
Clothing (SH)**

444 E. Washington
Pasadena, CA 91104
(818) 797-6072

Food Bank Coalition of San Luis Obispo (SH)

P.O. Box 2070
Paso Robles, CA 93447
(805) 238-4664

Shasta Senior Nutrition Program (SH)

1205 Court Street
Redding, CA 96001
(916) 246-9580
Fax: (916) 244-0525

Survive Food Bank (SH)

2950-B Jefferson Street
Riverside, CA 92504-4360
(909) 359-4757
Fax: (909) 359-8314

Comm. Resources Council, Inc. (SH)

133 Church Street
Roseville, CA 95678
(916) 783-0481
Fax: (916) 783-4013

**Sacramento Area Community Kitchen (FC)
(WH)**

P.O. Box 292700
Sacramento, CA 95829
(916) 387-9000, x118
Fax: (916) 387-7046

**Prepared Food Program Food Bank for
Monterey Co. (SH) (FC)**

815 W. Market Street, Suite 5
Salinas, CA 93901
(408) 758-1523
Fax: (408) 758-5925

San Diego Food Bank (SH)

33375 Decatur Road
San Diego, CA 92133-1221
(619) 523-8811
Fax: (619) 523-8817

Love's Gift Hunger Relief Program (FC)

P.O. Box 370900
San Diego, CA 92137

San Francisco Food Bank (SH) (WH)

900 Pennsylvania Ave.
San Francisco, CA 94107
(415) 282-1900
Fax: (415) 282-1909

Food Runners (FC)

2579 Washington Street
San Francisco, CA 94115
(415) 929-1866
Fax: (415) 788-8924

**Second Helpings Second Harvest Food Bank
of Santa Clara/San Mateo Counties (SH) (FC)
(WH)**

750 Curtner Avenue
San Jose, CA 95125-2118
(408) 266-8866
Fax: (408) 266-9042

Foodbank of Santa Barbara County (SH)

4554 Hollister Avenue
Santa Barbara, CA 93110
(805) 967-5741
Fax: (805) 683-4951

The California Grey Bears (SH)

2710 Chanticleer Avenue
Santa Cruz, CA 95065
(408) 479-1055

Westside Foodbank (SH)

P.O. Box 1565
Santa Monica, CA 90406-1565
(310) 314-1150
Fax: (310) 314-0030

The Redwood Empire Food Bank (SH)

1111 Petaluma Hill Road
Santa Rosa, CA 95404
(707) 528-2717
Fax: (707) 528-6437

Amador-Tuolumne Comm. Action (SH)

427 N. Highway 49, Suite 302
Sonoma, CA 95370
(209) 533-1397
Fax: (209) 533-1034

St. Helena Food Pantry (FCA)

P.O. Box 108
St. Helena, CA 94574
(707) 963-5183

FoodLink for Tulare County (SH)

8000 W. Doe Avenue
Visalia, CA 93279
(209) 651-3663
Fax: (209) 651-2569

**Second Harvest Santa Cruz,
San Ben. (SH)**

P.O. Box 990
Watsonville, CA 95077
(408) 722-7110
Fax: (408) 722-0435

Yolo County Coalition Against Hunger (SH)

741 East Street 333
Woodland, CA 95776
(916) 668-0690

Yuba-Sutter Gleaners Food Bank (SH)

460 A Street
Yuba City, CA 95991
(916) 673-3834

COLORADO**Food Resource Center (FC)**

P.O. Box 1497
Avon, CO 81620

Table Share**Community Food Share (SH) (FC)**

5547 Central Avenue #130
Boulder, CO 80301
(303) 443-0623
Fax: (303) 449-7004

Care and Share, Inc. (SH)

P.O. Box 49175
Colorado Springs, CO 80949-9175
(719) 528-1247
Fax: (719) 528-5833

Denver's Table**Food Bank of the Rockies (SH) (FC)**

10975 E. 47th Avenue
Denver, CO 80239
(303) 371-9250
Fax: (303) 371-9259

Cooperative Extension Service (CES)

Colorado State University
Fort Collins, CO 80523
(970) 491-5798

The Prepared Food Program**The Food Distribution Center (SH) (FC)**

1301 Blue Spruce
P.O. Box 2221
Fort Collins, CO 80522-2221
(970) 493-4477
Fax: (970) 493-5122

CONNECTICUT**Connecticut Food Bank (SH)**

P.O. Box 8686
E. Haven, CT 06512
(203) 469-5000
Fax: (203) 469-4871

Agricultural Experiment Station (CES)

University of Connecticut, Box 1106
New Haven, CT 06504
Phone: (203) 789-7272

Table To Table (FC)

c/o the Sheraton Stamford Hotel
One First Stamford Place
Stamford, CT 06902
(203) 323-3211
Fax: (203) 351-1986

Food Bank of Lower Fairfield

538 Canal Street
Stamford, CT 06902
(203) 358-8898
Fax: (203) 358-8306

Cooperative Extension System (CES)

University of Connecticut
Storrs, CT 06269-4017
(860) 486-1783

Foodshare of Greater Hartford (SH) (FC) (WH)

P.O. Box 809
Windsor, CT 06095
(860) 688-6500
Fax: (860) 688-2776

Rachel's Table (FC)

360 Amity Rd.
Woodbridge, CT 06525
(203) 387-2424, x325
Fax: (203) 387-1818

DELAWARE**Food Bank of Delaware (SH)**

14 Garfield Way
Newark, DE 19713
(302) 292-1305
Fax: (302) 292-1309

DISTRICT OF COLUMBIA**Cooperative Extension Service (CES)**

University of District of Columbia
Washington, DC 20008
Phone: (202) 274-6900

D.C. Central Kitchen (FC) (WH)

425 Second St., NW
Washington, D.C. 20001
(202) 234-0707
Fax: (202) 986-1051

Capital Area Comm. FB (SH) (WH)

645 Taylor Street, NE
Washington, DC 20017
(202) 526-5344
Fax: (202) 529-1767

FLORIDA**Tampa Bay Harvest (FC)**

13575 58th St. N., #179
Clearwater, FL 34620
(813) 538-7777
Fax: (813) 535-8485

Brevard Community Food Bank (SH)

817 Dixon Blvd., Suite 16
Cocoa, FL 32922
(407) 639-2883 or 636-6144

Treasure Coast Food Bank (SH)

704 B Farmers Market Road
Fort Pierce, FL 34982
(561) 489-5676

Cooperative Extension Service (CES)

University of Florida
Gainesville, FL 32611-0310
(904) 392-0404

**First Coast Food Runners Second Harvest of
NE Florida (SH) (FC)**

1502 Jessie Street
Jacksonville, FL 32206
(904) 353-3663
Fax: (904) 358-4281

AGAPE Food Bank (SH)

803 Palmetto
Lakeland, FL 33801
(813) 686-7153
Fax: (813) 655-7074

PASCO Food Bank (SH)

P.O. Box 1613
Land O Lakes, FL 34639
(813) 949-1421
Fax: (813) 949-1973

Extra Helpings (FC) (SH) (WH)

Daily Bread Food Bank
5850 NW 32nd Ave.
Miami, FL 33142
(305) 634-5088 x209
Fax: (305) 633-0036

First Step Food Bank (SH)

P.O. Box 4774
Ocala, FL 34478-4774

Second Helpings (FC)

Second Harvest Food Bank of Central Florida

2008 Brengle Ave.
Orlando, FL 32808
(407) 295-1066
Fax: (407) 292-4758

Second Harvest of Central Florida (SH)

2515 Shader Road
Orlando, FL 32804
(407) 295-1066
Fax: (407) 292-4758

Twelve Baskets from Sanibel-Captiva (FCA)

1978 Wild Lime Drive
Sanibel, FL 33957
(941) 472-0673

**Second Harvest of the Big Bend
Second Helpings (SH) (FC)**

4809 Market Place
Tallahassee, FL 32303
(904) 562-3033
Fax: (904) 562-6176

Divine Providence Food Bank (SH)

212 N. Newport Avenue
Tampa, FL 33606
(813) 254-1190
Fax: (813) 258-5802

GEORGIA

The Food Bank of SW Georgia (SH)

502 W. Roosevelt Avenue
Albany, GA 31701
(912) 883-2139
Fax: (912) 883-9005

Cooperative Extension Service (CES)

The University of Georgia
Athens, GA 30602-4356
(706) 542-8866

Athens' Full Plate (FC)

594 Oconee Street
Athens, GA 30605
(706) 546-8293
Fax: (706) 546-9180

Food Bank of Northeast Georgia (SH)

861 Newton Bridge Rd.
Athens, GA 30608
(706) 354-8191

Atlanta's Table (FC)

Atlanta Community Food Bank

970 Jefferson St., NW
Atlanta, GA 30318
(404) 892-1250
Fax: (404) 892-4026

The Master's Table (FCA)

842 Fenwick Street
Augusta, GA 30901
(706) 722-0607

Golden Harvest Food Bank (SH)

3310 Commerce Drive
Augusta, GA 30909
(706) 736-1199
Fax: (706) 736-1375

Interfaith Action Food Bank (SH)

5928 Coca-Cola Blvd.
Columbus, GA 31909
(706) 561-4755
Fax: (706) 561-0896

Middle Georgia Community Food Bank (SH)

137 College Street
Macon, GA 31208-5024
(912) 742-3958
Fax: (912) 742-8735

Second Servings

Second Harvest of Coastal GA (SH) (FC) (WH)

5 Carolan Street
Savannah, GA 31401
(912) 236-6750
Fax: (912) 238-1391

HAWAII

Hawaii Island Food Bank (SH)

140B Holomua Street
Hilo, HI 96720
(808) 935-3050
Fax: (808) 935-3794

Hawaii Food Bank, Inc. (SH)

2611 A Kilihau Street
Honolulu, HI 96819-2021
(808) 836-3600
Fax: (808) 836-2272

IDAHO

Idaho Food Bank

Ware., Inc. (SH) (WH)

4375 S. Apple
Boise, ID 83701
(208) 336-9643
Fax: (208) 336-9692

Cooperative Extension System (CES)

University of Idaho
Moscow, ID 83844-3188
(208) 885-6972

ILLINOIS

Greater Chicago Food Depository (SH) (WH) (FC)

4501 S. Tripp Ave.
Chicago, IL 60632
(773) 247-4282
Fax: (773) 247-4232

River Bend Food Bank (SH)

309 12th Street
Moline, IL 61265
(309) 764-7434
Fax: (309) 764-9388

Southern Illinois Food Warehouse (SH)

RR1, Box 121A
Opdyke, IL 62872
(618) 244-6146

Heart of Illinois Harvest (FC)

c/o Salvation Army
P.O. Box 9702
Peoria, IL 61612-9702
(309) 693-1400
Fax: (309) 693-1413

Peoria Area Food Bank (SH)

1000 Southwest Adams
Peoria, IL 61602
(309) 671-3906
Fax: (309) 671-3925

Rochelle Food Bank (SH)

780 Lincoln Avenue
Rochelle, IL 61068

Hunger Connection (FC)

320 South Avon Street
Rockford, IL 61102
(815) 961-7283
Fax: (815) 961-0036

Bethlehem Center Food Bank (SH)

600 Industrial Drive
St. Charles, IL 60174
(630) 443-6910
Fax: (630) 443-6916

Central Illinois Foodbank (SH)

2000 E. Moffat
Springfield, IL 62791
(217) 522-4022
Fax: (217) 522-6418

Cooperative Extension Service (CES)

University of Illinois
Urbana, IL 61801
(217) 244-2855

Eastern Illinois Foodbank (SH)

208 West Griggs
Urbana, IL 61801
(217) 328-3663
Fax: (217) 328-3670

INDIANA

East Central Reg. Indiana FB (SH)

1417 Meridian Street
Anderson, IN 46016-1830
(765) 649-0292
Fax: (765) 649-5779

Meal Share (FC) (SH)

Hoosier Hills Food Bank
615 North Fairview
Bloomington, IN 47404
(812) 334-8374
Fax: (812) 334-8377

Southern Indiana Food Bank (SH)

P.O. Box 588
Columbus, IN 47201
(812) 378-7486
Fax: (812) 378-4812

Tri-State Food Bank (SH)

801 E. Michigan Street
Evansville, IN 47711-5631
(812) 425-0775
Fax: (812) 425-0776

Second Helping (FC)

Community Action Program of Evansville &
Vanderburgh Counties, Inc.
27 Pasco
Evansville, IN 47713
(812) 425-4241, x231
Fax: (812) 425-4255

Community Harvest Food Bank (SH)

P.O. Box 10967
Ft. Wayne, IN 46855
(219) 447-3696
Fax: (219) 447-4859

Northwest Indiana Foodbank (SH)

2248 W. 35th Avenue
Gary, IN 46408
(219) 980-1777
Fax: (219) 980-1720

Gleaners Food Bank of Indiana (SH)

1102 East 16th Street
Indianapolis, IN 46202
(317) 925-0191
Fax: (317) 927-3189

Eastern Indiana Food Bank (SH)

201 East Main St.
P.O. Box 1314
Richmond, IN 47375
(765) 966-7733

IOWA**HACAP Food Reservoir (SH)**

1201 Continental Place NE
Cedar Rapids, IA 52402
(319) 393-7811
Fax: (319) 393-6263

Food Bank of Iowa (SH) (FCA)

30 Northeast 48th Place
Des Moines, IA 50313
(515) 244-6555
Fax: (515) 244-6556

Food Bank of Southern Iowa (SH)

225 S. Benton
Ottumwa, IA 52501
(515) 682-3403

Siouxland Tri State Food Bank

P.O. Box 985
Sioux City, IA 51102

Cedar Valley Food Bank (SH) (FCA)

106 E. 11th Street
Waterloo, IA 50703-4830
(319) 235-0507
Fax: (319) 235-1027

KANSAS**Flint Hills Breadbasket (SH)**

905 Yuma
Manhattan, KS 66502
(913) 537-0730
Fax: (913) 537-1353

Let's Help Food Bank (SH)

302 Van Buren
P.O. Box 2492
Topeka, KS 66603
(913) 232-4357
Fax: (913) 234-6208

Kansas Foodbank Warehouse (SH)

806 East Boston
Wichita, KS 67211
(316) 265-4421
Fax: (316) 265-9747

KENTUCKY**Kentucky Food Bank, Inc. (SH)**

105 Warehouse Ct.
Elizabethtown, KY 42702
(502) 769-6997
Fax: (502) 769-9340

Cooperative Extension Service (CES)

University of Kentucky
Lexington, KY 40546
(606) 257-3887

God's Pantry Food Bank, Inc. (SH)

104 South Forbes Road
Lexington, KY 40511-2025
(606) 255-6592
Fax: (606) 254-6330

Dare to Care (SH) (WH) (FCA)

P.O. Box 35458
Louisville, KY 40232-5458
(502) 966-3821
Fax: (502) 966-3827

Purchase Area Development Dist. (SH)

P.O. Box 588
Mayfield, KY 42066-8588
(502) 247-7171

LOUISIANA

Food Bank of Central LA (SH)

3223 Baldwin Avenue
Alexandria, LA 71301
(318) 445-2773
Fax: (318) 484-2898

Lagniappe Du Coeur (FC)

Greater Baton Rouge Food Bank
5546 Choctaw Dr.
Baton Rouge, LA 70805
(504) 359-9940
Fax: (504) 355-1445

Cooperative Extension Service (CES)

Louisiana State University
Baton Rouge, LA 70894-5100
(504) 388-3329

Second Harvest of Greater New Orleans (SH)

1201 Sams Avenue
New Orleans, LA 70123-2236
(504) 734-1322
Fax: (504) 733-8336

MAINE

Good Shepherd Food Bank (SH)

415 Lisbon Street
Lewiston, ME 04240
(207) 782-3554
Fax: (207) 782-9893

Cooperative Extension Service (CES)

University of Maine
Orono, ME 04469-5717
(207) 581-3310

MARYLAND

Food Link (FC)

2666 Riva Rd.
3rd Floor-MS 8302
Annapolis, MD 21401-1787
(410) 222-7853
Fax: (410) 222-7855

The MD Food Bank, Inc. (SH) (WH)

241 North Franklinton Road
Baltimore, MD 21223
(410) 947-0404
Fax: (410) 947-1853

Howard County Food Bank (SH)

9250 Rumsey Road
Columbia, MD 21045
(410) 313-7240
Fax: (410) 313-7383

Western MD Food Bank (SH)

P.O. Box 243
Cumberland, MD 21501
(301) 722-2797
Fax: (301) 722-6046

Harford County Food Bank (SH)

P.O. Box 1005
Edgewood, MD 21040
(410) 679-8186
Fax: (410) 679-4306

Harvest (Food Resources) (FC)

18237 Lyles Dr.
Hagerstown, MD 21740
(301) 790-1037
Fax: (301) 791-2215

Washington County Food Resources (SH)

930 Eldridge Drive #A
Hagerstown, MD 21740
(301) 733-4002
Fax: (301) 791-3313

Southern Maryland Warehouse (SH)

P.O. Box 613
Hughesville, MD 20637
(301) 274-0695

Garrett County Community Action (SH)

P.O. Box 449
Oakland, MD 21550
Fax: (410) 334-8555

MASSACHUSETTS

Second Helpings

Greater Boston Food Bank (SH) (FC)

99 Atkinson Street
Boston, MA 02118-9712
(617) 427-5555
Fax: (617) 427-0146

Fair Foods (WH)

200 Geneva Ave.
Dorchester, MA 02121
(617) 288-6185

Family Pantry (SH)

P.O. Box 234
Harwich, MA 02671
(508) 432-6519

The Food Bank Farm

Food Bank of Western Massachusetts (SH) (FC)

97 N. Hatfield Road
P.O. Box 160
Hatfield, MA 01038-0160
(413) 247-9738
Fax: (413) 247-9577

Fresh Foods Initiative (FC)

Worcester County Food Bank

731 Hartford Turnpike
Shrewsbury, MA 01545
(508) 842-3663
Fax: (508) 842-7405

Rachel's Table (FC)

Jewish Fed. Of Greater Springfield
1160 Dickinson Street
Springfield, MA 01108
(413) 733-9165
Fax: (413) 737-4348

Rachel's Table

A Project of Jewish Fed.
633 Salisbury St.
Worcester, MA 01609
(508) 799-7699
Fax: (508) 798-0962

MICHIGAN

Huron Harvest Food Bank

Food Gatherers (SH) (FC)

1731 Dhu Varren Rd.
Ann Arbor, MI 48105
(313) 761-2796
Fax: (313) 930-0550

Food Bank of South Central Michigan (SH)

5451 Wayne Road
Battle Creek, MI 49015-0408
(616) 964-3663
Fax: (616) 966-4147

Gleaners Community Food Bank (SH)

2131 Beaufait
Detroit, MI 48207
(313) 923-3535
Fax: (313) 924-6313

Cooperative Extension Service (CES)

Michigan State University
East Lansing, MI 48824
(517) 353-9694

Food Movers (FC)

P.O. Box 6576
East Lansing, MI 48824

Food Bank of Eastern Michigan (SH)

2312 Lapeer Road
Flint, MI 48503
(810) 239-4441
Fax: (810) 239-4498

Second Harvest Gleaners Food Bank (SH)

1250 Front Avenue NW
Grand Rapids, MI 49504
(616) 458-7856
Fax: (616) 458-0113

Western Upper Peninsula Food Bank (SH)

P.O. Box 420
Hancock, MI 49930
(906) 482-5548
Fax: (906) 482-5512

Livingston Community Food Bank (SH)

746 S. Michigan
Howell, MI 48843

Central Upper Peninsula Food Bank (SH)

P.O. Box 565
Ishpeming, MI 49849
(906) 485-4988
Fax: (906) 485-5946

Kalamazoo Loaves and Fishes (SH)

913 E. Alcott
Kalamazoo, MI 49001
(616) 343-3663

American Red Cross Reg. FDC (SH)

2116 Mint Road
Lansing, MI 48906
(517) 321-6807
Fax: (517) 321-1580

Manna Project (SH)

P.O. Box 910
Petoskey, MI 49770
(616) 347-8852

Food Bank of Oakland County (SH)

120 E. Columbia
Pontiac, MI 48343
(248) 332-1473
Fax: (248) 332-7135

Hidden Harvest (FC)

Saginaw Community Foundation & Good
Neighbors Mission
1318 Cherry Street
P.O. Box 401
Saginaw, MI 48606
(517) 753-4749
Fax: (517) 753-5707

Forgotten Harvest (FC)

21711 W. 10 Mile Rd., #200
Southfield, MI 48075
(248) 350-3663
Fax: (248) 350-9928

MINNESOTA

North Country Food Bank, Inc. (SH)

424 North Broadway
Crookston, MN 56716
(218) 281-7356
Fax: (218) 281-7374

Second Harvest of Northern Lakes (SH)

2002 West Superior Street, Suite #9
Duluth, MN 55806
(218) 727-5653
Fax: (218) 727-0105

**Second Harvest of Greater Minneapolis (SH)
(WH)**

8405 10th Avenue, North
Golden Valley, MN 55427
(612) 593-9844
Fax: (612) 593-2712

**Second Harvest North Central Food Bank
(SH) (FC)**

118 10th Street, SE
P.O. Box 5130
Grand Rapids, MN 55744
(218) 326-4420
Fax: (218) 326-0254

Channel One Food Bank (SH)

131 35th Street, SE
Rochester, MN 55904
(507) 287-2350
Fax: (507) 287-2351

Twelve Baskets

**Second Harvest St. Paul Food Bank (SH)
(WH) (FC)**

1140 Gervais Avenue
St. Paul, MN 55109
(612) 484-5117
Fax: (612) 484-1064

Cooperative Extension Service (CES)

University of Minnesota
St. Paul, MN 55108
(612) 624-6286

MISSISSIPPI

Twelve Baskets Food Bank (SH)

P.O. Box 1457
Biloxi, MS 39533

The Gleaners, Inc. (FC)

359 North Mart Plaza
P.O. Box 39286
Jackson, MS 39206
(601) 981-4240

MS Food Network (SH)

440 W. Beatty Street
P.O. Box 411
Jackson, MS 39205
(601) 353-7286
Fax: (601) 948-6710

MISSOURI

Central Missouri Food Bank (SH)

2000 Pennsylvania Drive
Columbia, MO 65202
(573) 474-1020
Fax: (573) 474-9932

Kansas City Harvesters (SH) (WH) (FC)

1811 N. Topping
Kansas City, MO 64120-1258
(816) 231-3173, x37
Fax: (816) 231-7044

Boot Heel Food Bank (SH)

945 South Kings Hwy
Sikeston, MO 63801
(573) 471-1818
Fax: (573) 471-3659

Ozarks Share-A-Meal

Ozarks Food Harvest (SH) (FC)

615 N. Glenstone
Springfield, MO 65802-2115
(417) 865-3411
Fax: (417) 865-0504

Second Harvest Food Bank MO-KAN Region (SH)

915 Douglas
St. Joseph, MO 64505
(816) 364-4442
Fax: (816) 364-6404

Someone Cares Mission (WH)

2718 N. 13th
St. Louis, MO 63106
(314) 621-6703

St. Louis Area Food Bank (SH)

5959 St. Louis Avenue
St. Louis, MO 63120
(314) 383-3335
Fax: (314) 382-3414

Operation Food Search, Inc. (FC)

9445 Dielman Rock Island Dr.
St. Louis, MO 63132
(314) 569-0053 x11
Fax: (314) 569-0381

MONTANA

Montana Food Bank Network (SH)

5625 Expressway
Missoula, MT 59802
(406) 721-3825
Fax: (406) 542-3770

NEBRASKA

Mid Nebraska Food Bank (SH)

P.O. Box 2288
Kearney, NE 68848
(308) 234-2595

Daily Harvest

Food Bank of Lincoln, Inc. (SH)(FC)

4890 Doris Blair Circle, Suite A
Lincoln, NE 68504
(402) 466-8170
Fax: (402) 466-6124

Foodnet, Inc. (FC)

1911 "R" Street
Lincoln, NE 68503
(402) 438-3135

ILI Food Bank (SH)

P.O. Box 116
Norfolk, NE 68701
(402) 371-5631

The Nebraska Food Bank (SH)

723 North 18th Street
Omaha, NE 68102
(402) 341-1915

NEVADA

Food Bank of Northern Nevada (SH)

994 Packer Way
Sparks, NV 89431-6441
(702) 331-3663
Fax: (702) 331-3765

NEW HAMPSHIRE

Cooperative Extension Service (CES)

University of New Hampshire
Durham, NH 03824
(603) 862-2465

New Hampshire Food Bank (SH)

62 West Brook Street
Manchester, NH 03101-1215
(603) 669-6821
Fax: (603) 669-0270

NEW JERSEY

Food Bank of South Jersey (SH)

1361 Walnut Street
Camden, NJ 08103
(609) 963-3663
Fax: (609) 963-9050

Cooperative Extension Service (CES)

Rutgers University
Camden, NJ 08102
Phone: (609) 225-6169

Extra Helping Community Food Bank of New Jersey (SH) (FC)

31 Evans Terminal Road
Hillside, NJ 07205
(908) 355-3663
Fax: (908) 355-0270

Norwescap Food Bank (SH)

340 Anderson Street
Phillipsburg, NJ 08865
(908) 454-4322
Fax: (908) 454-2030

Second Helping (FC) (SH)

The Foodbank of Monmouth/Ocean Counties
516 Passaic Ave.
Spring Lake, NJ 07762
(908) 974-2265
Fax: (908) 974-2267

Greater Mercer Food Co-op (SH)

151 Mercer Street
Trenton, NJ 08611
(609) 396-1506
Fax: (609) 392-8363

NEW MEXICO

Second Harvest Roadrunner Food Bank (SH)

P.O. Box 12924
Albuquerque, NM 87195
(505) 247-2052
Fax: (505) 242-6471

Life Saver Food Bank (SH)

P.O. Box 1476
225 E. Brady
Clovis, NM 88101
(505) 762-1387
Fax: (505) 763-2240

Southeast New Mexico Food Bank (SH)

P.O. Box 839
Hobbs, NM 88241
(505) 393-9580

Food Brigade of Santa Fe (FCA)

2442 Cerrillos Rd., #136
Santa Fe, NM 87505
(505) 471-8030

NEW YORK

The Food Shuttle (FCA)

c/o The Junior League of Albany
419 Madison Avenue
Albany, NY 12216
(518) 462-1111

Food For Survival, Inc. (FC)

Hunts Point Co-op
355 Food Center Dr.
Bronx, NY 10474
(718) 991-4300
Fax: (718) 893-3442

Food Bank of Western NY (SH) (WH)

91-95 Holt Street
Buffalo, NY 14206-2293
(716) 852-1305
Fax: (716) 852-7858

Food Bank of Central New York (SH) (FC) (WH)

6970 Schuyler Road
East Syracuse, NY 13057-9791
(315) 437-1899
Fax: (315) 434-9629

Food Bank of Southern Tier (SH)

945 County Route 64
Elmira, NY 14903
(607) 796-6061
Fax: (607) 796-6028

Cooperative Extension Service (CES)

Cornell University
Ithaca, NY 14853-4401
Phone: (607) 255-2130

Friendship Donations Network (FCA)

110 Rachel Carson Way
Ithaca, NY 14850
(607) 272-6758

Moveable Feast

Produce for the People Program (WH) (FC) (SH)

Regional Food Bank of Northeastern New York

965 Albany-Shaker Rd.
Latham, NY 12110-1478
(518) 786-3691
Fax: (518) 786-3004

Food Patch, Inc. (FC) (SH)

358 Saw Mill River Road
Millwood, NY 10546
(914) 923-1100
Fax: (914) 923-1198

Island Harvest (FC)

199 Second St.
Mineola, NY 11501
Fax: (561) 747-6843

City Harvest (FC) (SH)

159 W. 25th St., 10th Floor
New York, NY 10001-7201
(212) 463-0456
Fax: (212) 727-2439

Heart and Soul (FC)

1501 Pierce Ave.
Niagara Falls, NY 14301
(716) 285-0794
Fax: (716) 285-3966

FOODSHARE-People to People (FC)

261 Mountainview Ave.
Nyack, NY 10960
(914) 358-4606
Fax: (914) 353-4780

Foodlink, Inc. (FC) (SH)

56 & 100 West Avenue
Rochester, NY 14611
(716) 328-3380, x29
Fax: (716) 328-9951

Long Island Cares Reg. Food Bank (SH)

P.O. Box 1073
West Brentwood, NY 11717
(516) 435-0454
Fax: (516) 273-2184

Food Shuttle of Western NY, Inc. (FC)

100 St. Gregory Ct.
Williamsville, NY 14221
(716) 688-2527

NORTH CAROLINA**MANNA Food Bank (SH)**

627 Swannanoa River Road
Asheville, NC 28805-2445
(704) 299-3663
Fax: (704) 299-3664

Metrolina Food Bank (SH)

500 B Spratt Street
Charlotte, NC 28233
(704) 376-1785
Fax: (704) 342-1601

North Carolina Harvest (FC)

300A Hawthorne Lane
Charlotte, NC 28204
(704) 342-FOOD (3663)
Fax: (704) 342-0107

Albemarle Food Bank-Pantry, Inc. (SH)

313 S. Road Street
Elizabeth City, NC 27906-1704
(919) 335-4035
Fax: (919) 335-4797

Cape Fear Community Food Bank (SH)

406 Deep Creek Road
Fayetteville, NC 28302
(910) 485-8809
Fax: (910) 485-4394

Greensboro's Table (FC)

Greensboro Urban Ministry
305 W. Lee St.
Greensboro, NC 27406
(910) 271-5975

Food Bank of North Carolina (SH)

3808 Tarheel Dr.
Raleigh, NC 27609
(919) 875-0707
Fax: (919) 875-0801

Inter-Faith Food Shuttle (FC) (WH)

216 Lord Anson Dr.
Raleigh, NC 27610
(919) 250-0043
Fax: (919) 250-0416

Food Bank of Coastal Carolina (SH)

P.O. Box 1311
Wilmington, NC 28402
(910) 251-1465

Second Helpings of Winston-Salem**Food Bank of NW NC (SH) (FC)**

3655 Reed Street
Winston-Salem, NC 27107-5428
(910) 784-5770
Fax: (910) 784-7369

NORTH DAKOTA

Cooperative Extension Service (CES)

North Dakota State University
Fargo, ND 58105-5437
(701) 231-7173

Great Plains Food Bank (SH)

1104 NP Avenue
Fargo, ND 58107
(701) 232-6219
Fax: (701) 232-3871

Daily Bread (FC)

P.O. Box 389
Fargo, ND 58107
(701) 232-2624
Fax: (701) 232-3871

OHIO

Akron-Canton Regional

Foodbank (SH)

546 Grant Street
Akron, OH 44311
(330) 535-6900
Fax: (330) 996-5337

Second Harvest of North Central Ohio (SH)

8105 Leavitt Road
Amherst OH 44001
(216) 986-2442
Fax: (216) 986-2448

GMN - Tri-County CAC, Inc. (SH)

615 North Street, P.O. Box 285
Caldwell, OH 43724
(614) 732-2388
Fax: (614) 732-4158

Queen City Servings

Free Store/Food Bank, Inc. (SH) (FC)
1250 Tennessee Avenue
Cincinnati, OH 45229
(513) 482-4533
Fax: (513) 482-4504

Cleveland Food Bank, Inc. (SH)

1557 East 27th Street
Cleveland, OH 44114
(216) 696-6007
Fax: (216) 696-6236

Northcoast Food Rescue (FC) WH)

24650 Center Ridge Rd., Suite 200
Cleveland, OH 44145
(440) 899-2886
Fax: (440) 899-2879

Ohio State University Extension (CES)

Columbus, OH 43210
Phone: (614) 292-5512

Second Servings

Mid-Ohio Food Bank (SH) (FC) (WH)

1625 W. Mound Street
Columbus, OH 43223-1809
(614) 274-7770
Fax: (614) 274-8063

Operation Food Share, Inc. (FCA)

80 Mead Street
Dayton, OH 45402
(937) 222-4625
Fax: (937) 222-5649

American Red Cross (FC)

Emergency Food Bank PFPF
Operation Food Share
370 W. First St.
P.O. Box 517
Dayton, OH 45402
(937) 461-0265
Fax: (937) 461-3310

Shared Harvest Food Bank (SH)

5901 Dixie Highway
Fairfield, OH 45014
(513) 874-0114
Fax: (513) 874-0152

West Ohio Food Bank (SH)

117 S. Kenilworth Ave.
P.O. Box 1566
Lima, OH 45802-1566
(419) 222-7946

Southeastern Ohio Foodbank (SH)

40 St. Charles Street
Nelsonville, OH 45764-1194
(614) 753-4951
Fax: (614) 753-2600

Food Pantry Network (SH)

159 Wilson Street
P.O. Box 4284
Newark, OH 43058-4284
(614) 349-8563
Fax: (614) 345-2380

Country Neighbor, Inc. (SH)

P.O. Box 212
Orwell, OH 44076
(216) 437-6311

Second Harvest (SH)

1925 W. Main St.
Springfield, OH 45504
(937) 325-8715
Fax: (937) 325-6240

Toledo-Northwest Ohio Food Bank (SH)

359 Hamilton Street
Toledo, OH 43602
(419) 242-5000
Fax: (419) 241-4455

Second Harvest Food Bank (SH)

1122 E. Midlothian Blvd.
Youngstown, OH 44502
(330) 783-1122
Fax: (330) 783-9234

OKLAHOMA**Second Helpings****Oklahoma City Food Bank (SH) (FC)**

30 SE 17th Street
P.O. Box 26306
Oklahoma City, OK 73126
(405) 236-8349
Fax: (405) 236-5119

Table to Table**Tulsa Community Food Bank (SH) (FC)**

1150 N. Iroquois Avenue
Tulsa, OK 74106
(918) 585-2800
Fax: (918) 585-2862

OREGON**Clatsop County Comm. Action (SH)**

1010 Duane, #207
#207 Astoria, OR 97103-4524
(503) 325-4274

Central Oregon Comm. Action (SH)

1293 NW Wall Street, #100
Bend, OR 97701-1900
(541) 389-7520
Fax: (541) 389-7435

The Gleaning Network (FC)

211 N. Front St.
Central Point, OR 97502

Cooperative Extension Service (CES)

Oregon State University
Corvallis, OR 97331-5106
(541) 737-1019

Linn Benton Food Share (SH)

545 SW 2nd, Suite A
Corvallis, OR 97333-4443
(541) 752-1010
Fax: (541) 752-2348

Food Rescue Express (FC)

Food for Lane County
255 Madison St.
Eugene, OR 97402
(541) 343-2822
Fax: (541) 343-5019

Josephine Co. Food Share (SH)

317 NW B Street
Grants Pass, OR 97526-2033

Klamath/Lake Counties Food Bank (SH)

304 Vandenberg Dr. #4
Klamath Falls, OR 97603-1939
(541) 882-1223
Fax: (541) 882-0065

Community Connection (SH)

1504 Albany
La Grande, OR 97850-2621
(541) 963-7532
Fax: (541) 963-5932

Yamhill County Comm. Action (SH)

P.O. Box 621
McMinnville, OR 97128-0621
(503) 472-0457
Fax: (503) 472-5555

Access Food Share

P.O. Box 4666
Medford, OR 97501-0188
(541) 779-6691
Fax: (541) 779-8886

Lincoln County Food Share (SH)

535 NE 1st Street
Newport, OR 97365-3126
(541) 265-857
Fax: (541) 265-2948

Treasure Valley Food Bank (SH)

P.O. Box 937
Ontario, OR 97914-0937
(541) 889-7651
Fax: (541) 889-4940

Capeco (SH)

721 SE Third Street
Pendleton, OR 97801-0530
(800) 752-1139
Fax: (503) 276-7541

Food Train/Food Depot (FC)

The Society of St. Vincent de Paul
3601 SE 27th
Portland, OR 97202
(503) 234-1114
Fax: (503) 233-5581

Oregon Food Bank (SH)

2540 NE Riverside Way
Portland, OR 97211
(503) 282-0555
Fax: (503) 282-0922

UCAN Food Shares (SH)

2448 W. Harvard
Roseburg, OR 97470-2506
(503) 672-3441
Fax: (503) 672-1983

Marion Polk Food Share (SH)

2305 Front St. NE
Salem, OR 97303-6623
(503) 581-3855
Fax: (503) 588-4077

Columbia Pacific Food Bank (SH)

474 Milton Way
St. Helens, OR 97051-2153
(503) 397-9708
Fax: (503) 397-3660

Mid-Columbia Community Action (SH)

P.O. Box 901
The Dalles, OR 97058-0901
Fax: (503) 298-5141

Tillamook Food Bank (SH)

P.O. Box 543
Tillamook, OR 97141-0543
(503) 842-4826

PENNSYLVANIA

Second Harvest of Lehigh Valley (SH)

2045 Harvest Way
Allentown, PA 18104
(610) 434-0875
Fax: (610) 435-9540

Food For Families, Altoona (SH)

2201 Union Ave.
Altoona, PA 16601
(814) 944-4357

Beaver County Salvation Army (SH)

P.O. Box 11
Beaver Falls, PA 15010
(412) 846-2330
Fax: (412) 846-9551

McKean County Food Bank (SH)

20 Russell Blvd
Bradford, PA 16701
(814) 362-0071

Christian United Storehouse (SH)

312 E. Cunningham St.
Butler, PA 16001

Cumberland Valley XS (FC)

Box 491
Chambersburg, PA 17201
(716) 263-8165

Westmoreland County Food Bank

100 Devonshire
Delmont, PA 15626-1699
(412) 832-8335
Fax: (412) 832-0534

Second Harvest Northwest Pennsylvania (SH)

1703 Ash Street
Erie, PA 16503
(814) 459-3663
Fax: (814) 456-6481

Community Food Warehouse (SH)

821 Broadway Avenue
Farrell, PA 16121
(412) 981-0353
Fax: (412) 981-7949

**Fresh Produce Distribution Program
South Central Pennsylvania Food Bank
(SH) (FC)**

3908 Corey Road
Harrisburg, PA 17109
(717) 564-1700
Fax: (717) 561-4636

Indiana County Comm. Act. (SH)

Box 187
Indiana, PA 15701
(412) 465-2657

Food For Families (SH)

945 Franklin St.
Johnstown, PA 15905
(814) 535-3315
Fax: (814) 535-5374

Armstrong Co. Comm. Action (SH)

Armsdale Admin. Bldg.
Road #8, Box 287
Kittaning, PA 16201
(412) 548-3405
Fax: (412) 548-3413

Greater Pitts. Comm. Food Bank (SH) (WH)

3200 Walnut Street
McKeesport, PA 15132-0127
(412) 672-4949
Fax: (412) 672-4740

Lawrence Co. Commissioners (SH)

Lawrence Co. Center
430 Court Street
New Castle, PA 16101
(412) 656-2163
Fax: (412) 652-9646

Channels (FC)

331 Bridge St.
P.O. Box 724
New Cumberland, PA 17070
(717) 774-8220
Fax: (717) 774-3655

Philabundance (FC)

6950 Germantown Ave.
P.O. Box 18927
Philadelphia, PA 19119-0927
(215) 844-3663
Fax: (215) 844-4556

Greater Philadelphia Food Bank (SH) (WH)

302 West Berks Street
Philadelphia, PA 19122-2239
(215) 739-7394

Share Food Program, Inc. (SH)

2901 W. Hunting Park Avenue
Philadelphia, PA 19129
(215) 223-2220
Fax: (215) 223-3073

Greater Berks Food Bank (SH)

1011 Tuckerton Court
Reading, PA 19605
(610) 926-5802
Fax: (610) 926-7638

Fayette County Community Action (SH)

137 N. Beeson
Uniontown, PA 15401
(412) 437-8180
Fax: (412) 437-4418

Corner Cupboard Food Bank (SH)

P.O. Box 489
Waynesburg, PA 15370
(412) 627-9784

Commission on Economic Opportunity (SH)

165 Amber Lane, P.O. Box 1127
Wilkes Barre, PA 18703-1127
(717) 826-0510
Fax: (717) 829-1665

PUERTO RICO

Caribbean Food Bank (SH)

P.O. Box 2989
Bayamon, PR 00960-2989
(787) 740-3663
Fax: (787) 786-8810

RHODE ISLAND

Rhode Island Community Food Bank (SH) (FC)

104 Hay Street
West Warwick, RI 02893
(401) 826-3073
Fax: (401) 826-242

SOUTH CAROLINA

The Soup Kitchen (FC)

Charleston InterFaith Crisis Ministry

P.O. Box 20038
Charleston, SC 29413-0038
(803) 723-2726
Fax: (803) 577-6667

Harvest Hope Food Bank (SH)

1021 George Rogers Blvd.
Columbia, SC 29202
(803) 765-9181
Fax: (803) 252-3100

Loaves & Fishes (FC)

1990 Augusta St.
1900 Building #900
Greenville, SC 29605

Lowcountry Food Bank (SH)

203 Royle Rd., P.O. Box 687
Ladson, SC 29456
(803) 871-8732
Fax: (803) 875-1669

Comm. Food Bank of Piedmont (SH)

206 S. Main Street, PO Box 873
Mauldin, SC 29662-0873
(864) 675-0350
Fax: (864) 675-0360

A.C.F. Food Source Network (FC)
1509 Havens Dr., Unit C
N. Myrtle Beach, SC 29582
(803) 997-5378

SOUTH DAKOTA

Cooperative Extension Service (CES)
South Dakota State University
Brookings, SD 57007-9988
(605) 688-4038

Black Hills Regional Food Bank (SH)
814 N. Maple
Rapid City, SD 57701
(605) 348-2689
Fax: (605) 348-1919

Second Harvest of South Dakota (SH)
3511 North First Avenue
Sioux Falls, SD 57104
(605) 335-0364
Fax: (605) 335-5874

TENNESSEE

Chattanooga Area Food Bank (SH)
3402 N. Hawthorne Street
Chattanooga, TN 37406
(423) 622-1800
Fax: (423) 622-3663

Second Harvest of NE Tennessee (SH)
127 Dillon Ct.
Gray, TN 37643
(423) 477-4053

Second Harvest of West Tennessee (SH)
225 N. Highland
Jackson, TN 38301
(901) 424-3663
Fax: (901) 427-3663

Knoxville Harvest
Second Harvest of East Tennessee (SH) (FC)
922 Delaware
Knoxville, TN 37921
(423) 521-0000
Fax: (423) 521-0040

Round Up
Memphis Food Bank (SH) (FC)
239 S. Dudley Street
Memphis, TN 38104-3203
(901) 527-0841
Fax: (901) 528-1172

Nashville's Table, Inc. (FC)
1416 Lebanon Road
Nashville, TN 37210
(615) 244-4564
Fax: (615) 244-6312

Second Harvest Food Bank of Nash. (SH)
608 20th Avenue North
Nashville, TN 37203
(615) 329-3491
Fax: (615) 329-3988

TEXAS

Food Bank of Abilene (SH)
5505 N. First
Abilene, TX 79603
(915) 695-6311
Fax: (915) 695-6827

The Food Connection
High Plains Food Bank (SH) (FC)
815 S. Ross
Amarillo, TX 79120
(806) 374-8562
Fax: (806) 371-7459

Perishable Food Program
Capital Area Food Bank of Texas (FC) (SH)
8201 Congress
Austin, TX 78745
(512) 282-2111
Fax: (512) 282-6606

Texas Agricultural Extension Service (CES)
Texas A&M University
College Station, TX 77843-2471
(409) 845-6379

Brazos Food Bank (SH)
P.O. Box 9489
College Station, TX 77840

Food Bank of Corpus Christi (SH)
826 Krill Street
Corpus Christi, TX 78408
(512) 887-6291
Fax: (512) 887-7687

Dallas Hunger Link
North Texas Food Bank (SH) (FC) (WH)
4306 Shilling Way
Dallas, TX 75237-1021
(214) 330-1396
Fax: (214) 331-4104

Tarrant Area Food Bank (SH)

2600 Cullen
Ft. Worth, TX 76147-0094
(817) 332-9177
Fax: (817) 877-5148

End Hunger Network Food Loop (FC)

1770 St. James, #204
Houston, TX 77056
(713) 963-0099
Fax: (713) 963-0199

The Houston Food Bank (SH) (FCA) (WH)

3811 Eastex Freeway, Hwy. 59
Houston, TX 77026-3237
(713) 223-3700
Fax: (713) 223-1424

Laredo Regional Food Bank, Inc. (FC)

P.O. Box 6487
Laredo, TX 78042
(956) 723-3725
Fax: (956) 723-3799

Laredo-Webb County Food Bank (FC)

4010 N. Jarvis Avenue
Laredo, TX 78041-5477
(956) 726-3120
Fax: (956) 725-1309

Second Helpings

South Plains Food Bank (SH) (FC)

4612 Locust Avenue
Lubbock, TX 79404
(806) 763-3003
Fax: (806) 741-0850

Food Bank of the Rio Gr. Valley (SH)

2601 Zinnia
McAllen, TX 78502-6251
(956) 682-8101
Fax: (956) 682-7921

Permian Basin Food Bank (SH)

P.O. Box 4242
Odessa, TX 79760
(915) 580-6333
Fax: (915) 580-0807

1890 Extension Programs (CES)

Prairie View A&M University
Prairie View, TX 77446-3059
(409) 857-2023

Concho Valley Food Bank

P.O. Box 1207
San Angelo, TX 76902
(915) 655-3231

Second Servings

San Antonio Food Bank (SH) (FC)

4311 Director Drive
San Antonio, TX 78219
(210) 337-3663
Fax: (210) 337-2646

One Point of Light (FC)

c/o The Volunteer Center

3000 Texas Blvd.
Texarkana, TX 75503
(903) 793-4903
Fax: (903) 794-1398

Regional East Texas Food Bank (SH)

P.O. Box 6974
Tyler, TX 75711
(903) 597-3663
Fax: (903) 597-7659

Community Food Bank of Victoria (FC)

3809 E. Rio Grande Street
P.O. Box 5085
Victoria, TX 77903
(512) 578-0591
Fax: (512) 573-7381

Food For People (SH)

318 South Fifth
Waco, TX 76701
(254) 753-4593

Wichita Falls Area Food Bank (SH)

1230 Midwestern Pky.
Wichita Falls, TX 76307-0623
(254) 766-2322
Fax: (254) 766-2112

UTAH

Give S.O.M.E.

Utah Food Bank (WH) (FC)

1025 South 700 West
Salt Lake City, UT 84104-1504
(801) 978-2452
Fax: (801) 978-9565

VERMONT**Cooperative Extension System (CES)**

University of Vermont
Burlington, VT 05405-0148
Phone: (802) 656-0669

Vermont Foodbank, Inc. (SH)

P.O. Box 254
South Barre, VT 05670-0254
(802) 476-3341
Fax: (802) 476-3326

VIRGINIA**Lazarus at the Gate (FCA)**

6925 Columbia Pike, #621
Annandale, VA 22003-3466
(703) 354-3296
Fax: (703) 573-0098

The Society of St. Andrew (FC)

P.O. Box 329
Big Island, VA 24526
Fax: (804) 299-5949

Cooperative Extension Service (CES)

Virginia Tech
Blacksburg, VA 24061-0228
(540) 231-7156

Seed of Life (SH)

Rt. 1, Box 72
Bland, VA 24315
(540) 688-4507

Fredericksburg Area Food Bank (SH)

1327 Alum Springs Road
Fredericksburg, VA 22401
(540) 371-7666
Fax: (540) 371-3186

Food Donation Connection (FCA)

Route 2, Box 224
Newport, VA 24128
(800) 831-8161
Fax: (540) 544-7871

Virginia's Table Peninsula**Food Bank of the Virginia Peninsula (SH) (FC)**

9912 Hosier Street
Newport News, VA 23601
(757) 596-7188
Fax: (757) 595-2507

Fresh Foods Initiative**Foodbank of SE Virginia (SH) (WH) (FC)**

2308 Granby Street
Norfolk, VA 23517
(757) 624-1333
Fax: (757) 627-8588

Virginia's Table**Central VA Foodbank, Inc. (SH) (FC)**

4444 Sarellen Road
Richmond, VA 23231
(804) 226-1899
Fax: (804) 226-9034

Second Harvest of Southwest Virginia (SH) (FC) (WH)

1111 Shenandoah Avenue, N.W.
Roanoke, VA 24001-2868
(540) 342-3011
Fax: (540) 342-0056

Blue Ridge Area Food Bank (SH)

PO Box 937
Verona, VA 24482
(540) 248-3663
Fax: (540) 248-6410

WASHINGTON**The Salvation Army-Anacortes (SH)**

P.O. Box 303
Anacortes, WA 98221
(360) 293-6682
Fax: (360) 299-9251

Salvation Army-Bellingham (SH)

P.O. Box 5036
Bellingham, WA 98227
(206) 733-1410
Fax: (206) 738-1920

Bellingham Food Bank

P.O. Box 6056
Bellingham, WA 98227
(360) 676-0392
Fax: (360) 676-0410

Jefferson Comm. Action Council (SH)

P.O. Box 207
Chimacum, WA 98325
(360) 732-4822
Fax: (360) 732-7363

Rural Resources (SH)

N. 320 Main
Colville, WA 99114
(509) 684-8421
Fax: (509) 684-4740

Snohomish County Food Bank (SH)

P.O. Box 839
Everett, WA 98206-0839
(405) 259-3191
Fax: (405) 258-2838

Operation First Harvest (WH)

P.O. Box 1275
Mercer Island, WA 98040
(206) 236-0408
Fax: (206) 236-0357

North Whidbey Help House (SH)

1091 SE Hathaway St.
Oak Harbor, WA 98277
(360) 675-3888
Fax: (360) 679-0315

Port Angeles Corps. Comm. Ctr. (SH)

P.O. Box 2229
Port Angeles, WA 98362
(360) 452-7679
Fax: (360) 457-6267

Northwest Harvest (WH)

P.O. Box 12272
Seattle, WA 98102
(206) 625-7520
Fax: (206) 625-7518

Seattle's Table**Food Lifeline (SH) (FC)**

15230 15th Avenue, NE
Seattle, WA 9815
(206) 545-6567
Fax: (206) 545-6616

Central Kitsap Food Bank (SH)

P.O. Box 748
Silverdale, WA 98383
(360) 692-9818
Fax: (360) 308-9575

Spokane Food Bank (SH) (FC)

1234 E. Front Avenue
Spokane, WA 99202
(509) 534-6678
Fax: (509) 534-8252

Cooperative Extension Service (CES)

Washington State University
Tacoma, WA 98409
(206) 591-7180

Blue Mountain Food Share (SH)

901 W. Rose
Walla Walla, WA 99362
(509) 529-3561
Fax: (509) 529-4985

N/ Central WA Food Distribution Center (SH)

620 Lewis Street
Wenatchee, WA 98801
(509) 665-0320
Fax: (509) 662-1737

Klickitat/Skamonia Dev. Council (SH)

P.O. Box 1580
White Salmon, WA 98672
(509) 493-3954
Fax: (509) 493-4430

United Citizens Betterment Org. (SH)

P.O. Box 446
Yelm, WA 98597
(360) 458-7100
Fax: (360) 458-4226

WEST VIRGINIA**Mountaineer Food Bank (SH)**

416 River Street
Gassaway, WV 26624
(304) 364-5518
Fax: (304) 364-8213

Huntington Area Food Bank, Inc. (SH)

1663 Seventh Avenue
Huntington, WV 25703-1411
(304) 523-6029
Fax: (304) 523-6086

Cooperative Extension Service (CES)

West Virginia University
Morgantown, WV 26506
Phone: (304) 293-2694

WISCONSIN

Feed My People (SH)

P.O. Box 1714
Eau Claire, WI 54702
(715) 835-9415

Second Harvest of Southern Wisconsin (SH)

2802 Dairy Drive
Madison, WI 53718
(608) 223-9121
Fax: (608) 223-9840

Second Harvest Food Bank of Wisconsin (SH)

1700 W. Fond Du Lac Avenue
Milwaukee, WI 53205
(414) 931-7400
Fax: (414) 931-1996

Second Harvest of Fox Valley (SH)

1436 Progress Lane
Omro, WI 54962
(920) 865-6626
Fax: (920) 685-6639

WYOMING

Joshua's Distribution Center (SH)

1700 W. 1st St., Unit 1
Casper, WY 82604
(307) 265-0242

Wyoming Food Bank, Inc. (SH)

P.O. Box 5553
Cheyenne, WY 82003

KEY TO ABBREVIATIONS

SH = "Second Harvest," which is a nationwide network of food banks. The largest charitable hunger relief organization in the country, it oversees the distribution of surplus food and grocery products through nearly 200 food banks and 50,000 charitable agencies. These food pantries, soup kitchens, and homeless shelters serve nearly 26 million people each year. In 1995, Second Harvest distributed 811.3 million pounds of food to hungry people.
National contact: (312) 263-2303

WH = "From the Wholesaler to the Hungry," which has helped launch many systematic produce recovery programs and get them on their way to continuous and large-scale distribution of nutritious fresh fruits and vegetables to low-income people.
National contact: (213) 342-2613

FC = "Foodchain" (FCA = Foodchain affiliate) — Founded in 1992, Foodchain is a national network of perishable and prepared food rescue programs. It includes 116 member programs and 22 associate programs in 39 States and the District of Columbia. Membership requires organizations to establish safe food handling standards in accordance with their local health departments. In 1995, Foodchain programs distributed more than 100 million pounds of food to 7,000 agencies. The organization provides technical assistance and marketing support, and matches donors to member programs.
National contact: (800) 845-3008

CES = "Cooperative Extension Service," comprises USDA-affiliated programs at the land-grant universities in each state. CES helps diverse agencies and community-based groups work together to establish local hunger programs, promote food safety and proper nutrition, and administer food recovery programs.



LOCAL ORGANIZATIONS

